# HYUNDAI CARD CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

**Consolidated Interim Financial Statements June 30, 2024 and 2023** 

(Unaudited)

(With Independent Auditors' Review Report Thereon)

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#### **Independent Auditors' Review Report**

(Based on a report originally issued in Korean)

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Hyundai Card Co., Ltd.:

#### **Reviewed financial statements**

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed consolidated interim financial statements of Hyundai Card Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries (the "Group"), which comprise the consolidated interim statement of financial position as of June 30, 2024, the consolidated interim statements of comprehensive income for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, the consolidated interim statements of changes in equity and cash flows for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 and notes, comprising a summary of material accounting policy information and other explanatory information.

#### Management's responsibility

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements in accordance with Korean International Financial Reporting Standards ("K-IFRS") No.1034 'Interim Financial Reporting', and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the condensed consolidated interim financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' review responsibility

Our responsibility is to issue a report on these condensed consolidated interim financial statements based on our reviews.

We conducted our reviews in accordance with the Review Standards for Quarterly and Semiannual Financial Statements established by the Securities and Futures Commission of the Republic of Korea. A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Korean Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

#### Conclusion

Based on our reviews, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying condensed consolidated interim financial statements referred to above are not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with K-IFRS No.1034 'Interim Financial Reporting'.



#### Other matters

The procedures and practices utilized in the Republic of Korea to review such condensed consolidated interim financial statements may differ from those generally accepted and applied in other countries.

The consolidated statement of financial position of the Group as of December 31, 2023, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the year then ended, which are not accompanying this report, were audited by us in accordance with Korean Standards on Auditing and our report thereon, dated March 8, 2024, expressed an unqualified opinion. The accompanying consolidated statement of financial position of the Group as of December 31, 2023, presented for comparative purposes, is not different from that audited by us from which it was derived in all material respects.

KPMG Samjory Accounting Corp.

KPMG Samjong Accounting Corp.

Seoul, Korea

August 12, 2024

This report is effective as of August 12, 2024, the review report date. Certain subsequent events or circumstances, which may occur between the review report date and the time of reading this report, could have a material impact on the accompanying condensed consolidated interim financial statements and notes thereto. Accordingly, the readers of the review report should understand that the above review report has not been updated to reflect the impact of such subsequent events or circumstances, if any.

### Hyundai Card Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Interim Statements of Financial Position June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023

(In Korean won)	Notes		June 30, 2024		ecember 31, 2023
			(Unaudited)		
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	5,27,32,33	₩	1,920,045,072,071	₩	1,049,247,085,470
Deposits	5,27,32,33		81,618,000,000		77,577,698,628
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	6,32,33		745,983,077,602		674,898,536,094
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive incom	6,32,33		4,596,388,450		9,358,693,684
Investments in associates	6		809,283,745		57,733,835
Derivative assets	16,31,32,33		120,498,115,935		49,291,588,900
Financial assets at amortized cost	7,29,30,32,33		21,004,419,298,750		20,763,584,348,505
Property and equipment	8,29,37		610,662,816,136		632,325,285,378
Intangible assets	9,29		131,968,268,947		132,008,880,775
Right-of-use assets	10		23,626,852,984		26,807,734,457
Net defined benefit assets	13		3,454,490,492		10,618,805,142
Deferred tax assets	26		139,163,493,666		130,801,641,542
Other assets	11,32,33		438,453,597,487		380,661,892,861
Assets held for sale	37		27,500,000,000		-
Total assets		₩	25,252,798,756,265	₩	23,937,239,925,271
Liabilities					
Borrowings	12,28,32,33	₩	2,952,755,641,729	₩	3,283,282,178,841
Debentures	12,28,32,33	••	15,302,557,570,352	••	13,534,091,181,316
Derivative liabilities	16,31,32,33		4,783,375,185		56,563,004,126
Lease liabilities	10,29,32,33		22,594,002,838		25,996,342,907
Current tax liabilities	26		48,093,458,596		29,927,342,869
Net defined benefit liabilities	13		5,683,780,077		5,191,554,848
Provisions	14		179,295,774,102		167,228,036,741
Other liabilities	15,29,32,33		2,749,491,015,386		3,004,488,261,480
Total liabilities	, , ,		21,265,254,618,265		20,106,767,903,128
			· · · · · ·		· · · · · ·
Equity					
Share capital	1,17		802,326,430,000		802,326,430,000
Reserves			57,704,443,955		57,704,443,955
Capital adjustment			-		(760,020,000)
Hybrid securities	17		299,229,940,000		159,590,030,000
Accumulated other comprehensive income	19		2,282,718,688		6,054,151,814
Retained earnings	18,20		2,826,000,605,357		2,805,556,986,374
Total equity			3,987,544,138,000		3,830,472,022,143
Total liabilities and equity		₩	25,252,798,756,265	₩	23,937,239,925,271

	Periods Ended June 30									
(In Korean won)	Notes	2024 (Unaudited)					2023 (Unaudited)			
(III Koleali woli)	Notes	Three months		uneu	Six months		Three months		Six months	
Operating income										
Card income	21,29,32	₩	438,139,138,425	₩	849,303,404,789	₩	403,956,166,378	₩	757,449,816,85	
Interest income	22,32		366,472,015,544		718,273,463,810		299,572,734,331		616,824,984,21	
Gain on valuation and disposal of securities	32		3,893,249,039		7,266,161,114		7,795,947,148		15,489,745,69	
Dividend income			20,019,900		20,019,900		20,000,000		20,020,03	
Reversal of credit loss allowance	14		-		-		(2,826,880,196)			
Other operating income	23,29,32		158,697,652,136		337,565,317,968		112,767,807,893		215,855,434,64	
			967,222,075,044		1,912,428,367,581		821,285,775,554		1,605,640,001,43	
Operating expenses										
Card expenses	21,29,32		244,057,491,796		489,679,700,234		229,554,966,344		446,918,923,22	
Interest expenses	22,32		179,732,390,630		349,855,848,074		134,424,950,789		266,992,861,73	
Selling and administrative expenses	13,24,29		196,963,053,740		406,703,550,541		207,471,319,453		399,659,155,06	
Securitization expenses			884,057,370		1,716,880,153		1,118,205,568		2,172,484,54	
Provision for credit loss allowance	7,11,14,32		131,357,340,709		270,597,235,341		108,667,219,096		174,359,506,93	
Loss on valuation and disposal of securities			3,886,757,803		8,007,995,926		470,028,240		2,444,964,95	
Other operating expenses	23,29,32		82,895,524,549		176,122,779,311		32,285,353,149		110,128,813,68	
			839,776,616,597		1,702,683,989,580		713,992,042,639		1,402,676,710,16	
Operating profit			127,445,458,447		209,744,378,001		107,293,732,915		202,963,291,27	
Non-operating income	25		1,194,408,414		2,129,108,880		705,840,975		1,156,092,23	
Non-operating expenses	25		7,458,764,000		7,667,522,785		848,476,695		1,044,457,33	
Profit before income tax expense			121,181,102,861		204,205,964,096		107,151,097,195		203,074,926,16	
Income tax expense	26		21,181,277,335		40,413,676,604		20,709,723,262		45,869,433,97	
Profit for the period	18,34	_	99,999,825,526	_	163,792,287,492	_	86,441,373,933	_	157,205,492,18	
Other comprehensive income (loss)	19									
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss										
Remeasurements of net defined benefit liabilities			(1,290,355,441)		(898,990,922)		(2,870,834,734)		(5,840,202,02	
Gain (loss) on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income			(1,985,825,819)		(1,976,196,050)		(6,946,980)		2,908,95	
Items that may be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss										
Cash flow hedges			(13,798,773,660)		(2,950,014,231)		19,037,069,402		(17,666,410,61	
Gain on overseas operations translation			41,697,395		53,754,833					
			(17,033,257,525)	_	(5,771,446,370)		16,159,287,688		(23,503,703,68	
otal comprehensive income for the period		₩	82,966,568,001	₩	158,020,841,122	₩	102,600,661,621	₩	133,701,788,50	
Earnings per share	34									
Basic earnings per share		₩	596	₩	971	₩	517	₩	93	
Diluted earnings per share			596		971		517		93	

Hyundai Card Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Interim Statements of Changes in Equity Six-Month Periods Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

				Reserves	ς.			Accumulated		
(In Korean won)		Share capital		Share premium	Other	Capital adjustment	Hybrid securities	other comprehensive income	Retained earnings	Total
Balance at January 1, 2023	*	802,326,430,000	≱	45,399,364,539 W	12,305,079,416	M - M	299,239,980,000	W 73,135,836,962	W 2,613,156,202,165	W 3,845,562,893,082
Changes in equity										
Total comprehensive income (loss)										
Profit for the period		•			•			•	157,205,492,189	157,205,492,189
Other comprehensive income (loss)										
Remeasurements of net defined benefit liabilities		•						(5,840,202,021)		(5,840,202,021)
Cash flow hedges		•			•			(17,666,410,616)	•	(17,666,410,616)
Gain (loss) on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		•		•	•	•	•	2,908,951	•	2,908,951
Transactions with shareholders										
Dividends paid		•			•		•	•	(60,976,808,680)	(60,976,808,680)
Dividends on hybrid securities		•		•	•		•	•	(7,047,894,768)	(7,047,894,768)
Balance at June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)	≱	802,326,430,000	≱	45,399,364,539 W	12,305,079,416	- W	299,239,980,000	W 49,632,133,276	W 2,702,336,990,906	W 3,911,239,978,137
Balance at January 1, 2024	≱	802,326,430,000	≱	45,399,364,539 W	12,305,079,416	W (760,020,000) W	159,590,030,000	W 6,054,151,814	W 2,805,556,986,374	W 3,830,472,022,143
Changes in equity										
Total comprehensive income (loss)										
Profit for the period		•			•	•	•	•	163,792,287,492	163,792,287,492
Other comprehensive income (loss)										
Remeasurements of net defined benefit liabilities		•		•	•	•	•	(898,990,922)	•	(898,990,922)
Cash flow hedges		•		•	•	•		(2,950,014,231)	•	(2,950,014,231)
Gain (loss) on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		•		1	•	1	1	23,817,194	(2,000,013,244)	(1,976,196,050)
Gain on overseas operations translation		•						53,754,833	•	53,754,833
Transactions with shareholders										
Dividends paid		•							(132,544,326,236)	(132,544,326,236)
Dividends on hybrid securities		•							(8,044,309,029)	(8,044,309,029)
Issuance of hybrid securities		•					139,639,910,000	•		139,639,910,000
Others										
Transfer of retained earnings for capital adjustment		•				760,020,000			(760,020,000)	•
Balance at June 30, 2024 (Unaudited)	≉	802,326,430,000	≱	45,399,364,539	12,305,079,416	- w	299,229,940,000	₩ 2,282,718,688	₩ 2,826,000,605,357	W 3,987,544,138,000

The above consolidated interim statements of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

### Hyundai Card Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Interim Statements of Cash Flows Six-Month Periods Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

(In Korean won)	Note		2024	2023
			(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Cash flows from operating activities				
Cash generated from operating activities	27	₩	(725,143,697,788)	₩ 808,210,791,564
Interests received			688,464,889,000	555,281,342,109
Interests paid			(309,720,245,121)	(221,479,751,663)
Dividends received			20,019,900	20,020,036
Income taxes paid			(29,472,414,828)	(37,852,775,660)
Net cash inflow (outflow) from operating activities			(375,851,448,837)	1,104,179,626,386
Cash flows from investing activities				
Disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss			1,948,000,000	531,479,195
Disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehens	sive income		4,000,020,440	-
Disposal of property and equipment			11,716,500	15,081,773
Disposal of intangible assets			15,000	-
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss			(3,868,894,147)	(480,780,000)
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through other comprehe	nsive income	Э	(1,199,951,538)	· -
Acquisition of investments in associates			(1,160,000,000)	-
Acquisition of property and equipment			(17,631,081,822)	(248,416,598,585)
Acquisition of intangible assets			(17,234,233,667)	(17,571,659,230)
Net decrease in guarantee deposits provided			964,198,484	7,656,307,865
Net cash outflow from investing activities			(34,170,210,750)	(258,266,168,982)
Cash flows from financing activities				
Proceeds from borrowings			890,000,000,000	650,000,000,000
Proceeds from issue of debentures			8,631,863,623,961	5,140,580,633,166
Proceeds from issue of hybrid securities			139,639,910,000	-
Repayment of borrowings			(1,248,333,340,000)	(768,333,340,000)
Repayment of debentures			(6,986,400,000,000)	(6,362,200,000,000)
Repayment of lease liabilities			(6,720,582,243)	(8,901,211,805)
Dividends paid			(132,529,085,710)	(60,970,493,460)
Dividends on hybrid securities			(6,747,400,000)	(7,050,000,000)
Net cash inflow (outflow) from financing activities			1,280,773,126,008	(1,416,874,412,099)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash assets denominated in	foreign cur	renc	46,520,180	-
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	-	•	870,797,986,601	(570,960,954,695)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	27		1,049,247,085,470	2,269,390,254,066
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	27	₩	1,920,045,072,071	₩ 1,698,429,299,371

### 1. **GENERAL INFORMATION:**

Hyundai Card Co., Ltd. (the "Company" or the "Parent Company"), which is a controlling company in accordance with Korean International Financial Reporting Standard ("K-IFRS") No.1110 'Consolidated Financial Statements', is engaged in the credit card business with its headquarters located at 3, Uisadang-daero, Yeongdeungpo-gu, Seoul. On June 15, 1995, the Company acquired the credit card business of Korea Credit Circulation Co., Ltd., and on June 16, 1995, the Korean government granted permission to the Company to engage in the credit card business. The Company operates its business under the Specialized Credit Financial Business Act and other relevant applicable regulations.

As of June 30, 2024, the Company has approximately 12.31 million card members, 3.17 million registered merchants and 16 marketing centers and branches (including 1 overseas branch).

As of June 30, 2024, the total ordinary shares of the Company amounted to ₩802,326 million after several capital increases and retirement of treasury shares. The shareholders as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, are as follows:

	June 30	0, 2024	December	31, 2023
	Number of	Percentage	Number of	Percentage
	shares	of ownership	shares	of ownership
Hyundai Motor Co., Ltd.	59,301,937	36.96%	59,301,937	36.96%
Kia Corporation	10,398,877	6.48%	10,398,877	6.48%
Hyundai Commercial Inc.	55,518,860	34.62%	55,518,860	34.62%
Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd.	16,046,528	9.99%	16,046,528	9.99%
Fubon Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	16,046,528	9.99%	16,046,528	9.99%
Others	3,152,556	1.96%	3,152,556	1.96%
	160,465,286	100.00%	160,465,286	100.00%

#### 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

#### 2.1 Basis of Preparation

The consolidated interim financial statements of the Company and its Subsidiaries (the 'Group') for the six-month period ended June 30, 2024, have been prepared in accordance with K-IFRS No.1034 'Interim Financial Reporting' and contain less information than is required in annual consolidated financial statements. Selected explanatory notes include descriptions of transactions or events that are significant in understanding change in financial position and financial performance of the Group since the end of the previous annual reporting period. These consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with K-IFRS which is effective or early adopted as of June 30, 2024.

### 2.2 New standards and interpretations adopted by the Group

The Group has applied the following standards and interpretations for the first time for its annual reporting period commencing January 1, 2024:

- Amendment of K-IFRS No.1001 "Presentation of Financial Statements" - Classification of Liabilities into Current and Non-Current and Non-current Liabilities with Covenants

Liabilities are classified as current or non-current based on their substantive rights existing at the end of the reporting period, without considering the possibility of exercising the right to delay the payment or the management's expectations. Also, if the transfer of equity instruments is included in the payment of liabilities, it is excluded if the option to pay with equity instruments is recognized separately from the liability in a compound financial instrument and meets the definition of equity instruments. These amendments do not have a significant impact on the financial statements.

#### 2.3 New standards and interpretations not yet adopted by the Group

The following amended standards have been published that are not mandatory for January 1, 2024 reporting period and have not been adopted by the Group.

- Amendment of K-IFRS No.1021 "The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates" and K-IFRS No.1101 "First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards" - Lack of exchangeability

The amendments require the Group to determine a spot exchange rate when exchangeability is lacking, and to disclose information on the nature and financial effects of the currency not being exchangeable into the other currency, the spot exchange rate(s) used, the estimation process, and the risks to which the Group is exposed. This amendment will be applied to the financial statements for the accounting year beginning on or after January 1, 2025. The Group does not expect that these amendments have a significant impact on the consolidated financial statements.

#### 2.4 Accounting policies

The material accounting policies and calculation methods applied in the preparation of these consolidated interim financial statements are the same as those applied to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023, except for the impact of changes due to adopting new and amended standards and interpretations described in Note 2.2 and below paragraph.

### 2.4.1 Income Tax Expense

Income tax expense for the interim period is recognized based on management's best estimate of the weighted-average annual income tax rate expected for the full financial year. The estimated average annual tax rate is applied to the pretax income.

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS:

The Group makes estimates and assumptions about the future. Estimates and assumptions are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the current circumstances. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Significant accounting estimates and assumptions applied in the preparation of these consolidated interim financial statements are the same as those applied to the consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, except for the changes due to adopting new and amended standards and interpretations described in Note 2.2 and the estimates used to determine income tax expense.

### 4. **CONSOLIDATED SUBSIDIARIES:**

Details of the consolidated subsidiaries as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, are as follows:

			•	Interest held by Group (%)	
			June 30,	December 31,	Closing
	Main business	Location	2024	2023	month
Super Series 9th SPC <sup>1</sup>	Asset securitization	Korea	-	0.5	December
Super Series 10th SPC <sup>1</sup>	Asset securitization	Korea	0.5	0.5	December
Super Series 11th SPC <sup>1</sup>	Asset securitization	Korea	0.5	0.5	December
Super Series 12th SPC <sup>1</sup>	Asset securitization	Korea	0.5	0.5	December
Super Series 13th SPC <sup>1</sup>	Asset securitization	Korea	0.5	0.5	December
Super Series 14th SPC <sup>1</sup>	Asset securitization	Korea	0.5	0.5	December
Super Series 15th SPC <sup>1</sup>	Asset securitization	Korea	0.5	0.5	December
Super Series 16th SPC <sup>1</sup>	Asset securitization	Korea	0.5	-	December
Bluewalnut Co., Ltd.	Electronic banking	Korea	100.0	100.0	December
Money Market Trust	Trust business	Korea	100.0	100.0	-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In determining power over subsidiaries except for Bluewalnut Co., Ltd. and Money Market Trust, voting rights or similar rights are not major components, accordingly, these subsidiaries are considered as structured entities.

Above subsidiaries, except for Money Market Trust and Bluewalnut Co., Ltd., are special-purpose companies ("SPCs") that were established for business activities of consolidated entities. Although the above subsidiaries have less than a majority of ownership interests, they are deemed to have control in accordance with K-IFRS No.1110 because they are exposed to variable returns or have rights to variable returns through their involvement with the investee, as well as the ability to use the power of the parent to influence the amount of the parent's returns.

Meanwhile, when event of default occurs from derivative contracts regarding asset-backed securities issued by SPCs, the Company may be liable for reimbursement of losses incurred on counterparties.

Summarized financial information of the Group's subsidiaries as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, are as follows:

(In millions of Korean			June 30, 2024	l	
won)			Operating	Profit (loss) for	Comprehensive
	Assets	Liabilities	Liabilities income the period		income (loss)
Super Series 10th SPC	₩ -	₩ -	₩ 1,771	₩ -	₩ -
Super Series 11th SPC	350,154	350,154	3,845	-	-
Super Series 12th SPC	405,566	402,994	34,848	-	1,088
Super Series 13th SPC	350,302	350,301	7,462	-	-
Super Series 14th SPC	558,053	567,419	45,271	-	2,203
Super Series 15th SPC	555,890	555,907	50,952	-	4,524
Super Series 16th SPC	550,694	555,398	28,900	-	(3,577)
Bluewalnut Co., Ltd.	80,751	51,784	73,503	(861)	(861)
Money Market Trust	1,252,000	-	929	929	929
(In millions of Korean			December 31, 20	023	
(In millions of Korean won)			December 31, 20 Operating	Profit (loss) for	Comprehensive
•	Assets	Liabilities			Comprehensive income (loss)
•	<b>Assets</b> ₩ 103,448	Liabilities  ₩ 103,166	Operating	Profit (loss) for the year	income (loss)
won)			Operating income	Profit (loss) for the year   ₩ -	income (loss)
won) Super Series 9th SPC	₩ 103,448	₩ 103,166	Operating income  ₩ 19,367	Profit (loss) for the year ₩ -	income (loss)
won) Super Series 9th SPC Super Series 10th SPC	₩ 103,448 430,120	₩ 103,166 430,120	Operating income  ₩ 19,367 5,930	Profit (loss) for the year ₩ -	income (loss)
won)  Super Series 9th SPC Super Series 10th SPC Super Series 11th SPC	₩ 103,448 430,120 350,156	₩ 103,166 430,120 350,156	Operating income  ₩ 19,367 5,930 7,694	Profit (loss) for the year ₩ -	income (loss)
won)  Super Series 9th SPC Super Series 10th SPC Super Series 11th SPC Super Series 12th SPC	₩ 103,448 430,120 350,156 375,184	₩ 103,166 430,120 350,156 374,052	Operating income  ₩ 19,367 5,930 7,694 18,271	Profit (loss) for the year	income (loss)
won)  Super Series 9th SPC Super Series 10th SPC Super Series 11th SPC Super Series 12th SPC Super Series 13th SPC	₩ 103,448 430,120 350,156 375,184 350,305	₩ 103,166 430,120 350,156 374,052 350,305	Operating income  ₩ 19,367 5,930 7,694 18,271 14,941	Profit (loss) for the year	income (loss)        (11,173)    (4,040)
Super Series 9th SPC Super Series 10th SPC Super Series 11th SPC Super Series 12th SPC Super Series 13th SPC Super Series 14th SPC	₩ 103,448 430,120 350,156 375,184 350,305 550,647	₩ 103,166 430,120 350,156 374,052 350,305 562,805	Operating income   ₩ 19,367 5,930 7,694 18,271 14,941 39,544	Profit (loss) for the year	income (loss)       (11,173)  -  (4,040)  -  (2,382)

Subsidiaries newly included from the consolidation during the six-month period ended June 30, 2024.

Name of subsidiary	Reason
Super Series 16th SPC	Establishment

Subsidiaries excluded from the consolidation during the six-month period ended June 30, 2024.

Name of subsidiary	Reason			
Super Series 9th SPC	Liquidation			

Non-controlling interests

Non-controlling interests of consolidated SPC do not have any right of residual income from SPC, and it is measured as amortized cost because its life term is fixed.

### 5. RESTRICTED CASH AND DEPOSITS:

Details of restricted cash and deposits as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, are as follows:

(In millions	of Korean won)		une 30, 2024	De	ecember 31, 2023	Description
Cash and deposits	Kookmin Bank and others	₩	18	₩	18	Guarantee deposits for overdraft
	Shinhan Bank and others		23,100		23,100	Secured deposits
	Citibank and others		47,484		241,076	Deposits related to securitization
		₩	70,602	₩	264,194	

### 6. **SECURITIES**:

Details of securities as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	June 30, 2024		December 31, 2023	
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Debt securities	₩	738,287	₩	668,444
Equity securities		7,696		6,455
		745,983		674,899
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income				
Equity securities <sup>1</sup>		4,596		9,359
Investments in subsidiaries		809		58
	₩	751,388	₩	684,316

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Group has designated equity securities held for strategic business partnerships as securities measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Details of the Group's investments in associates as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, are as follows:

		Business	June 30,	December 31,
	Location	Details	2024	2023
Modern Lion	Korea	NFT trading	46.00%	40.00%

Changes in the Group's investments in associates for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2024 and for the year ended December 31, 2023, are as follows:

(In millions of						
Korean won)				June 30, 2024		
					Gains (losses) on equity-	
			Beginning		method	Ending
		Cost	balance	Acquisitions	accounting	balance
Modern Lion	₩	1,960 ₩	58 4	₩ 1,160 ₩	(409) ₩	809
(In millions of						
Korean won)				December 31, 2023		
					Gains	
					(losses) on	
					equity-	
			Beginning		method	Ending
		Cost	balance	Acquisitions	accounting	balance
Modern Lion	₩	800 ₩	689	<b>∀</b> - ₩	(631) ₩	58

Condensed financial information of the Group's investments in associates as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, are as follows:

(In millions of	June 30, 2024											
Korean won)		Assets	Liabilities	Net assets	Profit (loss) for the period	Comprehen sive income (loss)						
Modern Lion	₩	1,444 ₩	326 ₩	1,118 ₩	(1,021)	₩ (1,021)						
(In millions of	_		De	ecember 31, 2023	1							
Korean won)						Comprehen						
					Profit (loss)	sive income						
	_	Assets	Liabilities	Net assets	for the year	(loss)						
Modern Lion	₩	361 ₩	217 ₩	144 ₩	(1,578)	₩ (1,578)						

### 7. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT AMORTIZED COST:

Details of financial assets at amortized cost by customers as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, are as follows:

(In millions of					June	e 30, 2024				
Korean won)		Principal	ori	eferred gination t and fee	Vä	resent alue of scounts		ovision for		Carrying amount
						_		-		
Card receivables										
Household	₩	14,658,476	₩	108	₩	(6,554)	₩	(231,050)	₩	14,420,980
Corporates		984,590		-		-		(5,215)		979,375
Short-term card loans										
Household		700,721		-		-		(44,343)		656,378
Long-term card loans										
Household		5,326,469		-		(1,105)		(385,570)		4,939,794
Loan receivables										
Household		8,552						(660)		7,892
	₩	21,678,808	₩	108	₩	(7,659)	₩	(666,838)	₩	21,004,419
(In millions of				D	ecem	ber 31, 20	23			
Korean won)			Deferred Present							
			ori	gination	value of		Provision for		Carrying	
		Principal	cos	t and fee	dis	counts	im	pairment		amount
Card receivables										
Household	₩	14,750,276	₩	(3,768)	₩	(7,880)	₩	(215,247)	₩	14,523,381
Corporates		1,226,753		_		-		(4,761)		1,221,992
Short-term card loans										
Household		609,081		-		-		(36,356)		572,725
Long-term card loans										
Household		4,776,183		-		(1,123)		(344,649)		4,430,411
Loan receivables										
Household		15,948						(873)		15,075
	₩	21,378,241	₩	(3,768)	₩	(9,003)	₩	(601,886)	\A/	20,763,584
Household Corporates Short-term card loans Household Long-term card loans Household Loan receivables	₩	14,750,276 1,226,753 609,081 4,776,183 15,948	₩	(3,768) - -	₩	(7,880) - (1,123)	₩	(215,247) (4,761) (36,356) (344,649) (873)	₩	amount  14,523,3 1,221,9  572,7 4,430,4

Changes in financial assets at amortized cost, which have significant impact on provisions for impairment, for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	2024											
	С	ard	receivables			Short-term card loans						
		L	ifetime expe	ctec			Lifetime ex	time expected credi				
		losses						los	ses			
	12-month expected credit losses	Not impaired		Impaired			12-month ected credit losses	Not impaired	lı	mpaired		
Beginning balance Transfer between stages Transfer to assets measured at 12-month	₩ 15,088,804	₩	843,711	₩	44,514	₩	464,474	₩ 135,121	₩	9,486		
expected credit losses Transfer to assets measured at lifetime	326,500		(326,353)		(147)		23,706	(23,706)		-		
expected credit losses	(391,068)		391,186		(118)		(36,371)	36,371		-		
Impairment	(60,118)		(41,091)		101,209		(9,046)	(8,835)		17,881		
New origination and derecognition	(271,268)		28,131		3,299		83,084	22,929		7,280		
Written off	-		-		(82,090)		-	-		(18,675)		
Disposal and repurchase	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		(12,035)			<u> </u>		(2,978)		
Ending balance	₩ 14,692,850	₩	895,584	₩	54,632	₩	525,847	₩ 161,880	₩	12,994		

	2024											
(In millions of Korean won)	Lon	g-term card loa	ins	Loa	n receivables							
		-	ected credit ses		Lifetime e	-						
	12-month expected credit losses	Not impaired	Impaired	12-month expected credit losses	Not impaired	Impaired	Total					
Beginning balance Transfer between stages Transfer to assets measured at 12-month	₩ 3,899,393	₩ 580,468	₩ 296,322	₩ 13,217	₩ 2,256	₩ 475	₩ 21,378,241					
expected credit losses Transfer to assets measured at lifetime	177,188	(177,048)	(140)	504	(504)	-	-					
expected credit losses	(286,329)	286,823	(494)	(778)	778	-	-					
Impairment New origination and	(42,787)	(36,037)	78,824	(102)	(180)	282	-					
derecognition	664,581	(70,132)	62,971	(5,957)	(1,153)	(76)	523,689					
Written off	-	-	(101,566)	-	-	(199)	(202,530)					
Disposal and repurchase		_	(5,568)			(11)	(20,592)					
Ending balance	₩ 4,412,046	₩ 584,074	₩ 330,349	₩ 6,884	₩ 1,197	₩ 471	₩ 21,678,808					

(In millions of Korean won)	2023											
		Card receivab	ort-term	m card loans								
			expected	credit			-	d credit				
	40 41-		losses		_	40	_		ı	osses		
	12-month	t Not				12-montl ected cr		No	.4			
	expected credit	impaired	Im	paired	exp	losses	ean	impa		lm	paired	
	100000	Impuncu			_	100000		- III pu			<del>puncu</del>	
Beginning balance	₩ 14,762,141	₩ 1,357,4	49 ₩	57,131	1 ₩	344,	555	₩ 104	,488	₩	14,622	
Transfer between stages												
Transfer to assets												
measured at 12-month												
expected credit losses	435,338	(435,26	88)	(70	0)	16,	795	(16,	793)		(2)	
Transfer to assets												
measured at lifetime	(277.054)	) 277.07	10	(00	٠,	(04.4	140\	04	150		(4)	
expected credit losses	(377,251)			(92	•	(21,1			,150		(1)	
Impairment	(49,849)	) (50,16	00)	100,01	4	(5,5	505)	(6,	789)		12,294	
New origination and derecognition	(1,319,740	) (281,69	13/	3)	10,981		(11	860)		(990)		
Written off	(1,515,140)	(201,03	693) (19,003 - (82,23 <sup>2</sup>		•	10,	-	(11,860)			(16,352)	
Disposal and repurchase	_		_	(7,669	•		_		_		(1,313)	
Ending balance	₩ 13,450,639	₩ 967,66				345,6	377	₩ 90	196	₩	8,258	
9	,,			,								
					202	3						
(In millions of Korean won)	Long	g-term card loa				Loa		eivables				
		Lifetime exp		edit			Life	time exp		credit		
	12-month	108	ses		12-m	onth		108	ses			
	expected	Not			expe			Not				
	credit losses	impaired	Impair	red	credit l			paired	Imp	aired	Total	
Beginning balance	₩ 3,427,753	₩ 936,085	₩ 219,	,928 ∀	₩ 1	19,604	₩	4,512	₩	332	₩ 21,248,600	
Transfer between stages												
Transfer to assets												
measured at 12-month												
expected credit losses	256,128	(256,056)		(72)		974		(974)		-	-	
Transfer to assets												
measured at lifetime	(220, 205)	220 060	,	/AGE\		(4.052)		1 255		(2)		
expected credit losses	(328,395)	328,860		465)		(1,253)		1,255		(2)	-	
Impairment	(41,581)	(52,152)	93,	,733		(134)		(345)		479	-	
New origination and derecognition	150,371	(217,850)	94	159		7,664		(625)		(117)	(1,588,703)	
Written off	100,071	(217,000)	(137,			- ,00-		(020)		(260)	(236,755)	
Disposal and repurchase	- -	-		652)		-		_		(32)	(13,666)	
	W 0 404 070	W 700 007				20.055	\A./	2.000	\A/			
Ending balance	₩ 3,464,276	₩ 738,887	₩ 264,	,/19 t	₩ 2	26,855	₩	3,823	₩	400	₩ 19,409,476	

Changes in provisions for impairment of financial assets at amortized cost for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

(1	In	millions	of	Korean	won)	١
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(In millions of Korean won)	2024												
		Ca	rd re	ceivables				Short	-ter	m card loa	ns		
			Li	fetime exp los:		d credit			Lifetime expected cred losses				
	_	2-month ected credit losses	ir	Not npaired	lr	mpaired	expe	2-month ected credit losses	ir	Not mpaired	Impaired		
Beginning balance	₩	104,008	₩	82,535	₩	33,465	₩	14,113	₩	15,136	₩	7,107	
Transfer between stages Transfer to assets measured at 12-month													
expected credit losses Transfer to assets measured at lifetime		27,202		(27,105)		(97)		2,412		(2,412)		-	
expected credit losses		(7,674)		7,744		(70)		(1,073)		1,073		-	
Impairment		(31,520)		(26,315)		57,835		(4,628)		(5,989)		10,617	
Written off		-		-		(82,090)		-		-		(18,675)	
Recovered		-		-		6,967		-		-		1,965	
Disposal and repurchase Additional (reversal of)		-		-		(6,885)		-		-		(1,577)	
provisions		14,333		51,639		32,293		5,508		10,447		10,319	
Ending balance	₩	106,349	₩	88,498	₩	41,418	₩	16,332	₩	18,255	₩	9,756	

(In	millions	of	Korean
146	on)		

(In millions of Korean	2024													
won)		Lo	ng-te	erm card lo	ans			Loa	an red	ceivable	s			
					pect sses				Life		pecte sses	d credit		
	12-month expected credit losses		Not impaired			Impaired		12-month expected credit losses		Not paired	Impaired		Total	
Beginning balance	₩	109,828	₩	75,061	₩	159,760	₩	291	₩	227	₩	355	₩	601,886
Transfer between stages Transfer to assets measured at 12-month														
expected credit losses Transfer to assets measured at lifetime		22,360		(22,260)		(100)		53		(53)		-		-
expected credit losses		(10,466)		10,827		(361)		(24)		24		-		-
Impairment		(17,802)		(19,158)		36,960		(21)		(69)		90		-
Written off		-		-		(101,566)		-		-		(199)		(202,530)
Recovered		-		-		8,609		-		-		18		17,559
Disposal and repurchase Additional (reversal of)		-		-		(2,741)		-		-		(3)		(11,206)
provisions		22,888		35,698		78,033		(153)		(34)		158		261,129
Ending balance	₩	126,808	₩	80,168	₩	178,594	₩	146	₩	95	₩	419	₩	666,838

(In millions of Korean won)	2023													
		Ca	rd re	ceivables				Short	-terr	n card loa	ıns			
			L	ifetime exp	ecte	d credit	credit			Lifetime expected cred				
			losses							los	sses			
	12-month expected credit		Not		luura kun d			12-month ected credit		Not	Impaired			
		losses	impaired		Impaired			losses	impaired					
Beginning balance	₩	88,033	₩	113,496	₩	43,223	₩	9,116	₩	11,261	₩	11,175		
Transfer between stages Transfer to assets measured at 12-month														
expected credit losses Transfer to assets measured at lifetime		33,048		(33,009)		(39)		1,607		(1,606)		(1)		
expected credit losses		(6,815)		6,867		(52)		(596)		597		(1)		
Impairment		(23,369)		(30,920)		54,289		(2,575)		(4,883)		7,458		
Written off		-		-		(82,231)		-		-		(16,352)		
Recovered		-		-		5,798		-		-		2,316		
Disposal and repurchase Additional (reversal of)		-		-		(4,839)		-		-		(856)		
provisions		(12,955)		22,289		19,644		1,841		4,005		2,474		
Ending balance	₩	77,942	₩	78,723	₩	35,793	₩	9,393	₩	9,374	₩	6,213		

(In millions of Korean won)								2023						
		Lon	g-te	rm card loa	ans			Loa	n rec	eivables	5			
			L	ifetime ex					Life	time exp		d credit		
				los	ses					los	ses			
	e	2-month expected edit losses	ir	Not mpaired		mpaired	e	2-month expected edit losses		Not paired	lm	paired		Total
	-010	, dit 100000		припси		принси		Juit 100000		panca		panca		Total
Beginning balance	₩	92,692	₩	94,814	₩	124,393	₩	489	₩	814	₩	268	₩	589,774
Transfer between stages Transfer to assets measured at 12-month														
expected credit losses Transfer to assets measured at lifetime		25,109		(25,059)		(50)		90		(90)		-		-
expected credit losses		(11,198)		11,548		(350)		(33)		35		(2)		-
Impairment		(16,371)		(29,579)		45,950		(52)		(166)		218		-
Written off		-		-		(137,912)		-		-		(260)		(236,755)
Recovered		-		-		10,628		-		-		19		18,761
Disposal and repurchase Additional (reversal of)		-		-		(3,051)		-		-		(23)		(8,769)
provisions		3,802		24,895		98,229		134		(129)		83		164,312
Ending balance	₩	94,034	₩	76,619	₩	137,837	₩	628	₩	464	₩	303	₩	527,323

### 8. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT:

Changes in property and equipment for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

(In millions of	2024											
Korean won)		Land	В	uildings	Ve	hicles		tures and Juipment		nstruction progress		Total
Beginning balance	₩	392,554	₩	168,963	₩	996	₩	60,847	₩	8,965	₩	632,325
Acquisitions		-		686		-		4,167		19,480		24,333
Reclassification												
Reclassification within account <sup>1</sup>		(9,169)		(21,433)		1,210		3,360		(4,878)		(30,910)
Reclassification into selling and administrative expenses		_		-		_		_		_		_
Reclassification into intangible assets		-		-		-		-		-		-
Disposal		-		(583)		-		(128)		-		(711)
Depreciation		-		(2,591)		(135)		(11,648)		-		(14,374)
Ending balance	₩	383,385	₩	145,042	₩	2,071	₩	56,598	₩	23,567	₩	610,663

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Reclassification within account includes the replacement amount for the assets held for sale, as detailed in Note 37.

(In millions of	2023											
Korean won)		Land	В	uildings	Ve	hicles		ctures and quipment		nstruction progress		Total
Beginning balance	₩	197,870	₩	104,088	₩	1,186	₩	47,821	₩	28,926	₩	379,891
Acquisitions		196,271		42,003		-		5,536		3,322		247,132
Reclassification												
Reclassification within												
account		-		24,561		-		469		(25,030)		_
Reclassification into selling and administrative expenses		_		-		-		-		(21)		(21)
Reclassification into												
intangible assets		-		-		-		19		-		19
Disposal		-		-		-		(10)		-		(10)
Depreciation				(2,121)		(100)		(8,712)				(10,933)
Ending balance	₩	394,141	₩	168,531	₩	1,086	₩	45,123	₩	7,197	₩	616,078

### 9. INTANGIBLE ASSETS:

Changes in intangible assets for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

(In millions of						20	24					
Korean won)	De	velopm-					Cons	struction	M	ember-		_
	e	nt cost	Sc	oftware	0	thers	in p	rogress		ship	_	Total
Danisasia a balanca	<b>\ \ \ \</b>	04 540	14/	47.070	۱۸/	0	\ <b>A</b> /	40.400	۱۸/	00.040	۱۸/	400.000
Beginning balance	₩	81,519	₩	,	₩	2	₩	12,499	77	20,619	₩	
Acquisitions		5,299		271		-		11,086		1,913		18,569
Reclassification												
Reclassification within		7 111						(7 444)				
account		7,414		-		-		(7,414)		-		-
Reclassification into selling and												
administrative expenses		(93)		_		_		_		_		(93)
Reclassification into		(00)										(00)
property and equipment		_		_		-		_		_		_
Amortization		(15,208)		(3,309)		-		-		_		(18,517)
Ending balance	₩	78,931	₩	14,332	₩	2	₩	16,171	₩	22,532	₩	131,968
(In millions of						20	23					
Korean won)	De	velopm-					Cons	struction	M	ember-		
	e	nt cost	Sc	oftware	0	thers	in p	rogress		ship		Total
Beginning balance	₩	83,099	₩	18,866	₩	2	₩	9,069	₩	20,619	₩	131,655
Acquisitions		4,753	• •	1,198	•	_		10,377			•	16,328
Reclassification		1,1 00		.,				7.0,011				,
Reclassification within												
account		4,923		165		-		(5,088)		_		_
Reclassification into												
selling and												
administrative expenses		(298)		-		-		(127)		-		(425)
Reclassification into												
property and equipment		-		-		-		(19)		-		(19)
Amortization		(14,097)		(3,339)								(17,436)
Ending balance	₩	78,380	₩	16,890	₩	2	₩	14,212	₩	20,619	₩	130,103

### 10. **LEASE**:

### The Group as a lessee

Changes in right-of-use assets for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)				202	4			
	В	uildings		Vehicles	<u>O</u> 1	thers		Total
Danimina halanaa	14/	00.004	147	004	14/		١٨/	00.000
Beginning balance	₩	26,004	₩	804	₩	-	₩	26,808
Acquisitions		22,321		143		1,243		23,707
Disposal		(20,034)		(79)		-		(20,113)
Amortization		(6,669)		(124)		(124)		(6,917)
Other		142		-		_		142
Ending balance	₩	21,764	₩	744	₩	1,119	₩	23,627
(la vaillia va af Kanaan va va				000	•			
(In millions of Korean won)	_			202				
	в	uildings		Vehicles	<u>O</u> 1	thers		Total
Beginning balance	₩	253,284	₩	758	₩	68	₩	254,110
Acquisitions		2,189		341		295		2,825
Disposal		(222,659)		(8)		-		(222,667)
Amortization		(10,717)		(143)		(166)		(11,026)
Other		(500)						(500)
Ending balance	₩	21,597	₩	948	₩	197	₩	22,742

The analysis of maturity of lease liabilities before discount recognized in the consolidated interim statements of financial position as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	June	30, 2024	December 31, 2023		
Less than one year	₩	8,795	₩	9,958	
Between one year and five years		15,186		18,108	
Lease liabilities before discount	₩	23,981	₩	28,066	

The consolidated interim statements of comprehensive income for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, show the following amounts relating to leases:

(In millions of Korean won)	2024		202	23
Interest expense relating to lease liabilities	₩	557	₩	3,443
Expense relating to leases of low-value assets				
(included in selling and administrative expenses)		134		47

The total cash outflow for leases for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	20	024	2023		
Total cash outflow for leases	₩	6,855	₩	8,948	

### Operating lease – the Group as a lessor

The Group provides some of the properties it owns as operating leases, and the expected maximum lease period is 2028. The Busan office building operation lease includes the option of the lessee to extend the lease period by five years, and the market review clause is included when the lease renewal option is exercised. The lessee does not have a purchase option to purchase the leased asset at the expiration of the lease term. However, the Group decided to sell the Busan office in June 2024, and the transaction is expected to be completed by the fourth quarter of 2024.

The analysis of maturity of operating lease recognized in the consolidated interim statements of financial position as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	Ju	ıne 30, 2024	Decei	mber 31, 2023
Within one year	₩	1,589	₩	1,816
One year to five years		4,447		4,973
	₩	6,036	₩	6,789

The amount recognized as profit for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	20	24		2023
The amount recognized as profit	₩	1,124	₩	312

### 11. OTHER ASSETS:

Details of other assets as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)			June	30, 2024		
			Prov	ision for		
	Othe	er assets	impairment		Bool	amount
Other receivables	₩	153,091	₩	(1,392)	₩	151,699
	VV	,	VV	( , ,	۷V	,
Accrued revenue		91,422		(2,760)		88,662
Guarantee deposits provided		6,154		-		6,154
Prepayments		95,559		(258)		95,301
Prepaid expenses		84,114		-		84,114
Other assets		12,524		-		12,524
	₩	442,864	₩	(4,410)	₩	438,454

(In millions of Korean won)	December 31, 2023									
	Other assets Provision for impairment					amount				
Other receivables	₩	118,024	₩	(1,651)	₩	116,373				
Accrued revenue		84,614		(2,535)		82,079				
Guarantee deposits provided		7,112		-		7,112				
Prepayments		85,232		(207)		85,025				
Prepaid expenses		76,944		-		76,944				
Other assets		13,129		<u>-</u>		13,129				
	₩	385,055	₩	(4,393)	₩	380,662				

Changes in provisions of other assets for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	2024								
	Other re	eceivables	Accru	ed revenue	Prepa	yments			
Beginning balance	₩	1,651	₩	2.535	₩	207			
Additional (reversal of) provisions	**	(259)	**	225		51			
Ending balance	₩	1,392	₩	2,760	₩	258			
(In millions of Korean won)				2023					
	Other re	eceivables	Accru	ed revenue	Prepayments				
Beginning balance	₩	493	₩	2,559	₩	97			
Additional (reversal of) provisions		662		(448)		42			
Ending balance	₩	1.155	₩	2,111	₩	139			

### 12. BORROWINGS:

Details of borrowings as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, are as follows:

(In millions of Korean w	on)	Annual interest rate (%)	Jur	ne 30, 2024
Short-term borrowings	S			
Commercial Paper	Shinhan Bank and others	4.11 ~ 4.71	₩	197,328
Borrowings <sup>1</sup>	Citi Bank and others	4.42 ~ 5.34		260,000
				457,328
Current portion of long	g-term borrowings			
Commercial Paper	BNK Securities and others	1.56 ~ 4.69		808,827
Borrowings <sup>1</sup>	KEB Hana Bank and others	2.37 ~ 6.45		318,889
				1,127,716
Long-term borrowings	3			
Commercial Paper	Kiwoom Securities and others	1.73 ~ 4.74		667,712
Borrowings <sup>1</sup>	KDB Bank and others	4.00 ~ 6.18		700,000
				1,367,712
			₩	2,952,756
<sup>1</sup> Interest rate after cor (In millions of Korean w		Annual interest rate (%)	De	cember 31, 2023
Short-term borrowings	<u>.</u>			
Commercial Paper	KEB Hana Bank and others	4.20 ~ 6.33	₩	267,166
Borrowings <sup>1</sup>	KOOKMIN Bank and others	4.42 ~ 5.34	VV	180,000
Donomingo		0.0 .		447,166
Current portion of long	a-term borrowings			
Commercial Paper	BNK Securities and others	1.41 ~ 4.69		287,330
Borrowings <sup>1</sup>	KDB Bank and others	2.37 ~ 6.45		521,667
			-	808,997
Long-term borrowings	<b>3</b>			
Commercial Paper	Kiwoom Securities and others	1.73 ~ 4.74		1,391,563
Borrowings <sup>1</sup>	KDB Bank and others	3.51 ~ 6.18		635,556
				2,027,119
			₩	3,283,282

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Interest rate after considering swaps.

Details of debentures as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	Maturity	Annual interest rate (%)		June 30, 2024
Short-term debentures	2024.07 ~ 2024.08	3.77 ~ 5.40	₩	285,000
Current portion of debentures <sup>1</sup>	2024.07 ~ 2025.06	1.55 ~ 6.63		3,270,000
Long-term debentures <sup>1</sup>	2025.07 ~ 2032.03	1.64 ~ 6.61		11,770,486
				15,325,486
Discounts on debenture				(22,928)
			₩	15,302,558

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Interest rate after considering swaps.

(In millions of Korean won)	Maturity	Annual interest rate (%)	De	cember 31, 2023	
Short-term debentures	2024.01 ~ 2024.08	4.21 ~ 5.63	₩	265,000	
Current portion of debentures <sup>1</sup>	2024.01 ~ 2024.12	1.22 ~ 6.60		2,793,152	
Long-term debentures <sup>1</sup>	2025.01 ~ 2032.03	1.64 ~ 6.63		10,487,966	
				13,546,118	
Discounts on debenture				(12,027)	
			₩	13,534,091	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Interest rate after considering swaps.

The outstanding debentures are non-guaranteed corporate bonds, with their principals to be redeemed either by installment or at maturity. Bond issuance costs are recorded as discounts on debentures and amortized using the effective interest rate method.

### 13. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS:

#### 13.1 Defined Contribution Plan

The expense recognized in the consolidated interim statements of comprehensive income related to postemployment benefit under the defined contribution plan for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	2024			2023			
Defined contribution plan	₩	754	₩	898			

#### 13.2 Defined Benefit Plan

#### General

The Group operates a defined benefit plan for qualified employees by applying average salary over the past three months and length of service, etc. Plan assets mainly consist of deposits and are exposed to risk of lower interest rate.

Net defined benefit liabilities (assets)

Changes in present value of net defined benefit liabilities (assets) for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	2024									
	Present value of the defined benefit obligation		Pla	an assets	Natio	onal Pension Fund	Net defined benefit liabilities (assets)			
Beginning balance	₩	109,663	₩	(120,272)	₩	(10)	₩	(10,619)		
Current service cost		6,144		-		-		6,144		
Interest expense (income) Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included		2,254		(2,485)		-		(231)		
in interest income) Actuarial loss(gain) from change in financial		-		(83)		-		(83)		
assumptions Actuarial loss(gain) arising from		1,067		-		-		1,067		
experience adjustment Transfer of employees between the Group and its related		343		-		-		343		
companies		561		(538)		-		23		
Benefits paid		(6,006)		5,908				(98)		
Ending balance	₩	114,026	₩	(117,470)	₩	(10)	₩	(3,454)		

(In millions of Korean won)	2023									
	Present value of the defined benefit obligation		Pl	an assets	Natio	onal Pension Fund	Net defined benefit liabilities (assets)			
Beginning balance	₩	91,211	₩	(117,823)	₩	(10)	₩	(26,622)		
Current service cost		5,492		-		-		5,492		
Interest expense (income)		2,318		(3,042)		-		(724)		
Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in interest income) Actuarial loss(gain) from change in financial		-		688		-		688		
assumptions		1,644		-		-		1,644		
Actuarial loss(gain) arising from experience adjustment Transfer of employees between the Group and its related		5,310		-		-		5,310		
companies		(43)		112		_		69		
Benefits paid		(5,160)		5,113				(47)		
Ending balance	₩	100,772	₩	(114,952)	₩	(10)	₩	(14,190)		

### 13.3 Long-Term Employee Benefit Liabilities

Changes in present value of long-term employee benefit liabilities for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)		2023			
Beginning balance	₩	5,192	₩	6,583	
Current service cost		185		253	
Interest expense		100		152	
Actuarial loss		465		1,312	
Benefits paid		(258)		(1,160)	
Ending balance	₩	5,684	₩	7,140	

### 14. PROVISIONS:

Changes in provisions for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

(In millions of	2024									
Korean won)	Unused commitment			Provision for Point restoration				Total		
Beginning balance	₩	127,027	₩	38,202	₩	1,999	₩	167,228		
Provision (reversal)		9,485		2,803		(1,594)		10,694		
Others		-		-		1,374		1,374		
Ending balance	₩	136,512	₩	41,005	₩	1,779	₩	179,296		

(In millions of	2023									
Korean won)	_	nused nmitment		Provision for Point restoration				Total		
Beginning balance	₩	97,998	₩	33,122	₩	4,070	₩	135,190		
Provision (reversal)		9,790		2,454		(3,300)		8,944		
Others		_				957		957		
Ending balance	₩	107,788	₩	35,576	₩	1,727	₩	145,091		

Changes in provision for unused commitment for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)		2024									
			Li	fetime expect	ed c	redit losses					
		2-month ected credit losses		Not impaired		Impaired		Total			
Beginning balance Transfer between stages Transfer to assets measured at	₩	96,053	₩	30,974	₩	-	₩	127,027			
12-month expected credit losses Transfer to assets measured at		15,094		(15,094)		-		-			
lifetime expected credit losses		(3,067)		3,067		-		-			
Impairment		(6)		(10)		16		-			
Provision (reversal)		(6,155)		15,656		(16)		9,485			
Ending balance	₩	101,919	₩	34,593	₩	-	₩	136,512			

(In millions of Korean won)	2023								
			Lif	etime expecte	ed c	redit losses			
	12-month expected credit losses		Not impaired		Impaired			Total	
Beginning balance	₩	77,835	₩	20,163	₩	-	₩	97,998	
Transfer between stages									
Transfer to assets measured at									
12-month expected credit									
losses		9,668		(9,668)		-		-	
Transfer to assets measured at									
lifetime expected credit		(0.400)		0.400					
losses		(2,420)		2,420		-		-	
Impairment		(4)		(8)		12		-	
Provision (reversal)		1,322		8,480		(12)		9,790	
Ending balance	₩	86,401	₩	21,387	₩	_	₩	107,788	

### 15. OTHER LIABILITES:

Details of other liabilities as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)		June 30, 2024	December 31, 2023			
Accounts payable	₩	1,840,489	₩	2,163,249		
Accrued expenses	207,788			212,329		
Withholdings	158,601			127,085		
Guarantee deposit received		12,325		11,968		
Unearned revenue		530,288		489,857		
	₩	2,749,491	₩	3,004,488		

Details of unearned revenue as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)		June 30, 2024	December 31, 2023			
Point programs (point deferred revenue)	₩	366,964	₩	348,752		
Annual subscription		163,143		140,894		
Others		181		211		
	₩	530,288	₩	489,857		

Changes in point deferred revenue for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)		2024	2023		
Beginning balance	₩	348,752	₩	329,286	
Deferred revenue		203,514		181,655	
Revenue recognition		(185,302)		(174,386)	
Ending balance	₩	366,964	₩	336,555	

#### 16. DERIVATIVES AND HEDGE ACCOUNTING:

Derivative instruments held for trading

Details of derivative instruments held for trading as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, are as follows:

(In millions of		June 30, 2024						December 31, 2023						
Korean won)	an won) Contra amou		Assets		Liabilities		Contract amount		Assets		Liabilities			
Treasury Bond Futures	₩	1,788	₩	_	₩	_	₩	_	₩	_	₩	_		

The loss recognized in the statement of comprehensive income related to derivatives held for trading amounted to ₩26 million for the six-month period ended June 30, 2024.

#### Cash flow hedge

Cash flow hedge is a hedge for the exposure to variability in cash flows that is attributable to a particular risk associated with a recognized asset or liability (such as all or some future interest payments on variable-rate debt) or a highly probable forecast transaction and could affect profit or loss. When applying cash flow hedge, the portion of the gain or loss on the hedging instrument that is determined to be an effective hedge shall be recognized in other comprehensive income, and the ineffective portion of the gain or loss on the hedging instrument shall be recognized in profit or loss. If a hedge of a forecast transaction subsequently results in the recognition of a financial asset or a financial liability, the associated gains or losses that were recognized in other comprehensive income shall be reclassified from equity to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment in the same period or periods during which the hedged forecast cash flows affect profit or loss.

The Group shall discontinue prospectively if a hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated or exercised; the hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting; the Group revokes the designation; or a forecast transaction is no longer expected to occur, in which case, any related cumulative gain or loss on the hedging instrument that has been

recognized in other comprehensive income from the period when the hedge was effective shall be reclassified from equity to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment.

The Group removes the volatility risk of future cash flows of a hedged item, such as borrowings, caused by changes in market interest rates or in foreign currency rates, by using derivative instruments, such as an interest rate swap or currency swap.

The hedge relationship to which the Group applies cash flow hedge is affected by the interest rate benchmark related to the rate benchmark reform. Interest rate benchmarks exposed to hedge relationship are KRW CD and KRW CMS. The hedged items include won-denominated variable-rate borrowings issued (see Note 12), which have the same swap, maturity and nominal amounts. Among the Group's hedge relationship, the nominal amounts of hedging instrument related to KRW CD and KRW CMS are \$1,363,889 million and \$1,610,000 million, respectively. The Group is closely watching market and industry discussions regarding applicable alternative base interest rates for exposed interest rate benchmarks, and it believes this uncertainty will no longer arise when the exposed interest rate benchmark is replaced with an applicable rate.

The Group will retain the cumulative gain or loss in the cash flow hedge reserve for designated cash flow hedges that are subject to interest rate benchmark reforms even though there is uncertainty arising from the interest rate benchmark reform with respect to the timing and amount of the cash flows of the hedged items. Should the Group consider the hedged future cash flows are no longer expected to occur due to reasons other than interest rate benchmark reform, the cumulative gain or loss will be immediately reclassified to profit or loss.

Details of derivative assets and liabilities as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, are as follows:

(In millions of	June 30, 2024											
Korean won)	(	nsettled contract amount		Assets	Lia	abilities	umulated other orehensive ncome <sup>1</sup>					
Interest rate swap Currency swap	₩	2,973,889 2,775,486	₩	35,048 85,450	₩	4,783 -	₩	24,218 (8,683)				
	₩	5,749,375	₩	120,498	₩	4,783	₩	15,535				
(In millions of				December	r 31, <i>1</i>	2023						
Korean won)	Unsettled contract			<b>A</b> 4 -	- L-1144	Accumulated other comprehensive						
		amount		Assets	LI	abilities	ir	icome <sup>1</sup>				
Interest rate swap	₩	3,002,222	₩	37,819	₩	7,529	₩	24,654				
Currency swap		1,547,020		11,473		49,034		(6,169)				
	₩	4,549,242	₩	49,292	₩	56,563	₩	18,485				

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Amount reflects tax effect.

For transactions between local and foreign currencies, the unsettled contract amount of transaction is translated by applying the basic foreign exchange rate at the end of the reporting period to the contract amount in foreign currencies. For transactions between foreign currencies and other foreign currencies, the unsettled contract amount is the amount translated by applying the basic foreign exchange rate at the end of the reporting period to the contract amount in foreign currencies purchased.

The maximum period for the Group to be exposed to the variability in future cash flows arising from derivatives designated as cash flow hedges is expected to be until March 22, 2032. Meanwhile, the gain recognized as ineffective portion in relation to cash flow hedge is \$8,891 million for six-month period ended June 30, 2024.

The average hedge ratio of derivative assets and liabilities as of June 30, 2024, is as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)		ess than 1 year	Between 1 year and 2 years	Between 2 and 3 years	Between 3 and 4 years	4	Setween 4 and 5 years		ore than years		Total
Nominal amount of hedged item	₩	1,003,889	₩ 1,012,868	₩ 2,125,405	₩ 622,613	₩	944,600	₩	40,000	₩	5,749,375
Nominal amount of hedging instrument	₩	1,003,889	₩ 1,012,868	₩ 2,125,405	₩ 622,613	₩	944,600	₩	40,000	₩	5,749,375
Average hedge ratio		100%	100%	100%	100%		100%		100%		100%

#### 17. SHARE CAPITAL AND HYBRID SECURITIES:

Details of capital stock as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, are as follows:

Description	Authorized shares	Par value (In Korean won)	Outstanding shares	Capital stock amount
Common stock	600,000,000 shares	₩ 5,000	160,465,286 shares	₩ 802,326 million

Details of hybrid securities classified as equity as of June 30, 2024, are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	Issue date	Issue date Maturity date		Amount
876 <sup>th</sup> Bond-type hybrid securities <sup>1</sup>	2023-07-12	2053-07-12	6.00%	₩ 160,000
898 <sup>th</sup> Bond-type hybrid securities <sup>1</sup>	2024-01-31	2054-01-31	5.56%	120,000
899 <sup>th</sup> Bond-type hybrid securities <sup>1</sup>	2024-02-01	2054-02-01	5.56%	20,000
Issuance costs				(770)
				₩ 299,230

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Conditions for issuance for bond-type hybrid securities are as follows:

	876 <sup>th</sup> Bond-type hybrid securities
Maturity	30 years (extendable at the discretion of the Group at original maturity)
Interest rate	From issue date to July 12, 2028: A fixed rate of 6.00% p.a. with a one-off incremental of 2%, five years after the issuance per the step-up clause
Interest payment condition	Three months in arrears with selective deferment
Others	Early redemption by issuer allowed five years after issuance
	898 <sup>th</sup> Bond-type hybrid securities
Maturity	30 years (extendable at the discretion of the Group at original maturity)
Interest rate	From issue date to January 31, 2029: A fixed rate of 5.56% p.a. with a one-off incremental of 2%, five years after the issuance per the step-up clause
Interest payment condition	Three months in arrears with selective deferment
	Three months in arrears with selective determent

	899th Bond-type hybrid securities
Maturity	30 years (extendable at the discretion of the Group at original maturity)
Interest rate	From issue date to February 1, 2029: A fixed rate of 5.56% p.a. with a one-off incremental of 2%, five years after the issuance per the step-up clause
Interest payment condition	Three months in arrears with selective deferment
Others	Early redemption by issuer allowed five years after issuance

#### 18. <u>RETAINED EARNINGS:</u>

Retained earnings as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, consist of the following:

(In millions of Korean won)	Jun	e 30, 2024	December 31, 202		
Legal reserves <sup>1</sup>	₩	106,971	₩	93,716	
Reserves for electronic financial transaction (Note 28)		1,000		1,000	
Regulatory reserve for credit losses (Note 20)		856,219		1,131,719	
Unappropriated retained earnings		1,861,811		1,579,122	
	₩	2,826,001	₩	2,805,557	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Commercial Code of the Republic of Korea requires the Parent Company to appropriate for each financial period, as a legal reserve, an amount equal to a minimum of 10% of cash dividends paid until such reserve equals 50% of its issued share capital. The reserve is not available for cash dividends payment but may be transferred to share capital or used to reduce accumulated deficit.

Changes in retained earnings for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)		2024		2023
Beginning balance	₩	2,805,557	₩	2,613,156
Profit for the period		163,792		157,206
Dividends paid		(132,544)		(60,977)
Dividends on hybrid securities		(8,044)		(7,048)
Transfer for capital adjustment Gain (loss) on financial assets at fair value		(760)		-
through other comprehensive income		(2,000)		
Ending balance	₩	2,826,001	₩	2,702,337

### 19. ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME:

Changes in accumulated other comprehensive income for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

(In millions of Korean								2024						
won)		Changes												
					Reclassification of profit or loss Other			er _	Tax effects			nsfer to tained rnings	Ending balance	
Gain (loss) on valuation of derivatives Remeasurements of net	₩	18,485	₩	(	(128,296)	₩	124	,623 <del>\</del>	₩	723	₩	-	₩	15,535
defined benefit liabilities Gain (loss) on valuation of financial assets at fair value through other		(13,013)			-		(1,	,327)		428		-		(13,912)
comprehensive income Gain on overseas		582			-		(1	,962)		(14)		2,000		606
operations translation								54				-		54
	₩	6,054	₩	(	(128,296)	₩	121	,388 †	₩	1,137	₩	2,000	₩	2,283
(In millions of Korean won)							202	:3						
	_			<b>D</b> 1	Char		S		_					
		Beginning balance			assification ofit or loss		С	ther		ax effects	<u> </u>	Ending balanc	_	-
Gain (loss) on valuation of derivatives Remeasurements of net	₩	77,4	47	₩	(48,427	7)	₩	24,684	1 ₩	6,070	6 t	<del>√</del> 59	,780	
defined benefit liabilities Gain (loss) on valuation of financial assets at fair value through other		(4,88	5)			-		(7,625	)	1,78	5	(10,	725)	
comprehensive income		5	7 <u>4</u>			_					3		577	
	₩	73,1	36	₩	(48,427	7)	₩	17,059	9 ₩	7,86	4 1	<del>/</del> 49	,632	

#### 20. REGULATORY RESERVE FOR CREDIT LOSSES:

Regulatory reserve for credit losses is calculated and disclosed in accordance with Article 11 of the Supervision regulations of Specialized Credit Financial Business.

Details of regulatory reserve for credit losses as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)		e 30, 2024	Decei	mber 31, 2023
Beginning balance	₩	856,219	₩	1,131,719
Amount estimated to be appropriated (reversed)		35,105		(275,500)
Ending balance	₩	891,324	₩	856,219

Estimated provision of regulatory reserve for credit losses and adjusted profit after provision of regulatory reserve for credit losses for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)		2024	2023		
Profit for the period	₩	163,792	₩	157,205	
Provision (reversal) of regulatory reserve for credit losses		35,105		(257,553)	
Adjusted profit after provision of regulatory reserve for credit losses	₩	128,687	₩	414,758	
Earnings per share after provision of reserve for credit losses ( <i>In Korean won</i> )	₩	802	₩	2,585	

#### 21. CARD INCOME AND EXPENSE:

Details of card income and expense for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

(In millions of		202	4		2023				
Korean won)	Thre	ee Months	Six Months		Three Months		Si	x Months	
Card income:									
Agent commission <sup>1</sup>	₩	399,711	₩	798,469	₩	406,083	₩	787,510	
Commission income from life									
service		17,187		31,527		16,337		30,518	
Overseas commission income		37,981		64,601		23,727		35,451	
Income from annual subscription		84,243		163,445		70,064		136,621	
Others		43,535		81,977		38,307		67,747	
Deduction from revenue <sup>2</sup>		(144,518)		(290,716)		(150,562)		(300,397)	
	₩	438,139	₩	849,303	₩	403,956	₩	757,450	
Card expense:									
Acquisition fee	₩	21,255	₩	42,215	₩	22,918	₩	43,359	
Promotion		59,681		119,144		65,781		135,690	
Service fee <sup>1</sup>		195,003		391,293		184,378		367,323	
Financial service fee		1,076		2,108		850		1,458	
Credit sales handling expenses		51,863		103,718		49,759		94,156	
Overseas payment fee		27,955		56,168		23,689		43,040	
Card issuance expenses		10,601		26,845		12,386		24,042	
Others		21,141		38,905		20,356		38,248	
Deduction from expense <sup>2</sup>		(144,518)		(290,716)		(150,562)		(300,397)	
	₩	244,057	₩	489,680	₩	229,555	₩	446,919	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The point-giving transaction with card members is that the Group provided the card member with the customer option, and the Group determines that it controls the transaction as principal. If the Group determines that it arranges for the provision of the good or service to customers by credit card merchant, the effect on card income and card expense by net accounting for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	2024					2023					
	Thre	e Months	onths Six Months			ee Months	Six Months				
Decrease in card income	₩	110,166	₩	219,721	₩	99,597	₩	202,616			
Decrease in card expense		110,166		219,721		99,597		202,616			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Deductible items in accordance with application of K-IFRS No.1115.

#### 22. <u>INTEREST INCOME AND EXPENSE:</u>

Details of interest income and expense for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

(In millions of		2024				2023				
Korean won)	Thr	ee Months	Six Months		Three Months		Six Months			
						_				
Interest income:										
Income from installment service	₩	116,822	₩	227,015	₩	84,094	₩	175,991		
Income from short-term card loans		25,481		49,357		15,697		30,054		
Income from long-term card loans										
(general card loans)		156,279		305,023		132,918		268,142		
Income from long-term card loans										
(refinancing loans)		2,936		5,806		2,559		5,559		
Revolving interest income		44,144		87,284		42,044		92,459		
Loan receivable income		279		666		962		1,735		
Other interest income		20,531		43,122		21,299		42,885		
	₩	366,472	₩	718,273	₩	299,573	₩	616,825		
Interest expense:										
Expense from borrowings	₩	34,976	₩	71,416	₩	32,831	₩	65,645		
Expense from debentures		144,492		277,842		101,280		197,797		
Expense from others		265		598		314		3,551		
	₩	179,733	₩	349,856	₩	134,425	₩	266,993		

#### 23. OTHER OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES:

Other operating income and expenses for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

(In millions of		202	4		2023					
Korean won)	Thre	e Months	Six	Months	Thre	e Months	Six Months			
Other operating income:										
Gain on foreign currency										
transactions	₩	12,104	₩	23,273	₩	9,366	₩	24,674		
Gain on foreign currency										
translations		-		-		4,480		4,480		
Gain on derivative transactions		-		3,776		-		5,776		
Gain on valuation of derivatives		61,795		133,938		9,450		54,374		
Others		84,799		176,578		89,472		126,551		
	₩	158,698	₩	337,565	₩	112,768	₩	215,855		
Other operating expenses:										
Loss on foreign currency										
transactions	₩	4,444	₩	13,170	₩	3,380	₩	13,199		
Loss on foreign currency										
translations		60,350		124,520		9,202		53,911		
Loss on derivative transactions		27		27		-		6,780		
Loss on valuation of derivatives		(1,451)		527		4,480		4,480		
Others		19,526		37,879		15,223		31,759		
	₩	82,896	₩	176,123	₩	32,285	₩	110,129		

#### 24. <u>SELLING AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES:</u>

Details of selling and administrative expenses for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

(In millions of		202	4	2023				
Korean won)	Thre	e Months	Six Months	Thre	e Months	Six	Months	
Salaries	₩	60,554	₩ 114,921	₩	56,380	₩	102,112	
Post-employment benefits		3,538	18,523		3,073		6,054	
Employee benefits		7,723	20,345		8,758		19,681	
Travel expenses		763	1,407		535		840	
Communication expenses		4,851	9,313		5,660		10,354	
Postal expenses		2,446	5,286		2,590		5,747	
Rental expenses		3,223	6,758		3,531		7,591	
Taxes and dues		8,860	20,000		5,463		15,555	
Repair and maintenance expenses		426	720		297		697	
Insurance premiums		339	675		257		526	
Entertainment expenses		143	283		329		496	
Advertising expenses		17,519	33,601		31,073		49,674	
Supply expenses		637	1,286		595		1,207	
Vehicle maintenance expenses		6	13		6		13	
Periodicals expenses		27	76		55		116	
Publication expenses		695	1,164		853		1,400	
Training expenses		675	1,064		306		650	
IT expenses		17,494	34,043		15,426		31,184	
Expense for temporary staff		4,184	9,651		4,872		9,813	
Professional service expenses		27,673	55,942		33,253		64,399	
Delivery commission		335	723		364		766	
Commission expenses		10,105	21,696		9,385		20,062	
Business activity expenses		110	233		114		205	
Construction expenses		510	1,321		1,512		3,766	
Depreciation		7,174	14,374		5,544		10,933	
Amortization		9,308	18,517		8,921		17,436	
Depreciation of right-of-use assets		3,367	6,917		4,386		11,026	
Event expenses		219	570		207		257	
Conference expenses	206 406		406		246	460		
Building administrative expenses		3,853	6,876	3,480		6,63		
	₩	196,963	₩ 406,704	₩	207,471	₩	399,659	

#### 25. NON-OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES:

Non-operating income and expenses for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)		20	)24		2023				
	Three	e Months	Six	Months	Three	Months	Six Months		
Non-operating income:									
Gains on disposal of property and equipment and intangible assets	₩	-	₩	11	₩	12	₩	12	
Rental fee income		1,109		1,948		484		892	
Miscellaneous profit		85		170		210		252	
	₩	1,194	₩	2,129	₩	706	₩	1,156	
Non-operating expenses:  Loss on disposal of property and equipment and intangible assets	₩	710	₩	711	₩	5	₩	6	
Donation		3,112		3,138		755		762	
Loss on equity method Impairment loss on assets held for		227		409		88		276	
sale		3,410		3,410					
	₩	7,459	₩	7,668	₩	848	₩	1,044	

#### 26. TAX EXPENSE:

Income tax expense for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, consists of the following:

(In millions of Korean won)		2024	2023		
Current tax on profits for the period (including additional payment of tax and income tax refund)	₩	47,639	₩	38,974	
Changes in deferred tax assets by temporary differences		(8,362)		(969)	
Income tax expense (revenue) reflected directly to equity		1,137		7,864	
Income tax expense	₩	40,414	₩	45,869	

Income tax expenses reflected directly to equity for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	2024									
		Beginning balance		Increase (Decrease)		Ending balance				
Tax effect related to cash flow hedges Tax effect related to remeasurements of net	₩	(5,614)	₩	723	₩	(4,891)				
defined benefit liabilities Tax effect related to gain (loss) on valuation of financial assets at fair value through other		3,951		428		4,379				
comprehensive income		(177)		(14)		(191)				
	₩	(1,840)	₩	1,137	₩	(703)				
(In millions of Korean won)				2023						
(In millions of Korean won)		Beginning balance		2023 Increase (Decrease)		Ending balance				
Tax effect related to cash flow hedges Tax effect related to	₩	•	₩	Increase	₩	•				
Tax effect related to cash flow hedges		balance	₩	Increase (Decrease)	₩	balance				
Tax effect related to cash flow hedges Tax effect related to remeasurements of net defined benefit liabilities Tax effect related to gain (loss) on valuation of financial assets at fair value		(24,895)	₩	Increase (Decrease) 6,076	₩	(18,819)				

A reconciliation between profit before income tax and income tax expense for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)		2024	2023		
Profit before income tax	₩	204,206	₩	203,075	
Income tax based on statutory tax rate		48,729		48,431	
Add (deduct):					
Others		(8,315)		(2,562)	
Income tax expense for continuing operations	₩	40,414	₩	45,869	
Effective tax rate		19.79%		22.59%	

#### 27. CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS:

Details of cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	Jui	ne 30, 2024	<b>December 31, 2023</b>		
Current deposit	₩	268	₩	238	
Ordinary deposit		369,758		542,924	
Other cash and cash equivalents		1,550,019		506,085	
	₩	1,920,045	₩	1,049,247	

Cash generated from (used in) operations for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)		2024	2023		
Profit for the period	₩	163,792	₩ 157,205		
Adjustments:					
Income tax expense		40,414	45,869		
Interest expense		349,856	266,993		
Impairment loss		261,111	164,570		
Loss on equity method accounting  Loss on valuation of financial assets at fair		409	276		
value through profit or loss		8,008	2,404		
Postemployment benefits		5,913	4,769		
Other long-term employee benefits		750	1,716		
Depreciation		14,374	10,933		
Amortization		18,517	17,436		
Depreciation of right-of-use assets		6,917	11,026		
Loss on foreign currency translations		124,520	53,911		
Loss on derivatives instruments		527	11,260		
Loss on disposal of property and equipment and intangible assets		711	6		
Non-interest-bearing installment		3,105	8,666		
Additional (reversal) of provisions		10,695	8,944		
Interest income		(689,101)	(555,782)		
Dividend income		(20)	(20)		
Gain on valuation of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Gain on disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		(3,819)	(11,891)		
Gain on foreign currency translation		-	(4,480)		

(In millions of Korean won)	2024	2023
Gain on derivatives instruments	(137,714)	(60,150)
Amortization of present value of discounts of card assets	(6,909)	(42,090)
Amortization of deferred origination cost and fee of card assets	(22,264)	(18,953)
Gains on disposal of property and equipment and intangible assets	(11)	(12)
Impairment loss on assets held for sale	3,410	-
Other	4,591	(2,777)
	(9,457)	(90,975)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities: Increase in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(69,905)	(441,984)
Decrease (increase) in card assets	(483,056)	1,632,910
Decrease (increase) in loan receivables	7,211	(6,893)
Increase in other receivables	(35,067)	(20,211)
Decrease (increase) in other assets	(27,763)	127,552
Decrease in other payables	(330,805)	(555,073)
Increase in withholdings	31,582	9,355
Decrease in accrued expenses	(12,140)	(21,729)
Increase in other liabilities	40,464	18,041
	(879,479)	741,968
Cash generated from (used in) operations	₩ (725,144)	₩ 808,198

#### 28. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS:

#### (a) Significant commitments

The Group made an intraday bank overdraft agreement of  $\forall 150$  billion with Kookmin Bank and 4 other institutions, and the Group made an agreement of  $\forall 1,711.1$  billion with Kookmin Bank and 18 other institutions for general loans and credit line as of June 30, 2024. In addition, for the Credit Line agreement, the Yeouido Building 1 owned by the Group is provided as collateral to Woori Bank, and the mortgage amount is  $\forall 180$  billion.

#### (b) Pending litigations

As of June 30, 2024, the Group is involved in 40 cases (%4,597 million) as a defendant, 53 cases (%76,863 million) as a plaintiff and cases for debt collection against multiple debtors in the important pending litigations. The Group does not anticipate that these pending litigations referred above will have a significant effect on its consolidated interim financial statements.

#### (c) Reserve for loss reimbursement

The Group has reserved ₩1 billion for electronic financial transactions in case fraudulent credit card activities or accidents occurred in accordance with the Electronic Financial Transactions Act.

#### (d) Insurance for the implementation of the liability for damages

The Group has insured ₩10 billion for the implementation of the liability for damages in accordance with the Article 43 of the Credit Information Act.

#### (e) Commitment associated with asset-backed securitization

The Group continuously transfers receivables to maintain that the balance of the asset-backed securitization is above a certain level of trust beneficiary certificates relating to the asset-backed securitization. According to the agreement on the Group's asset-backed securitization, in order to enhance the credit level of the asset-backed securities, several provisions are in place as trigger clauses to be used for early redemption calls, thereby limiting the risk that the investors are exposed to, resulting from a change in quality of the assets in the future. In the event that the asset-backed securitization of the Group is in violation of the applicable trigger clause, the Group is obliged to make early redemption for the asset-backed securities. Meanwhile, when an event of default occurs from derivative contracts regarding asset-backed securities issued by Super Series 12th SPC, Super Series 14th SPC, Super Series 15th SPC and Super Series 16th SPC, the Group may be liable for reimbursement of losses incurred on counterparties.

#### (f) Agreement relating to borrowing

As of June 30, 2024, the Group has entered into agreements including trigger clause with its creditors for the purpose of credit enhancement of certain borrowings. If the Group breaches its trigger clause, the Group may be subject to early repayment or suspension/ termination of contracts with the creditors.

#### 29. RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS:

Details of the related parties as of June 30, 2024, are as follows:

	Companies								
Parent company	Hyundai Motor Company								
Associates	Modern Lion								
Entities with significant influence over the company.	Hyundai Commercial Inc.; Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd.; Fubon Life Insurance Co., Ltd.								
Other related parties and affiliates of group of large-scale enterprises <sup>1</sup>	Subsidiaries and associates of Hyundai Motor Company, etc.								

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The affiliates of group of large-scale enterprises designated by the Fair Trade Commission was determined to be a related party based on the substantive relationship stipulated in paragraph 10 of K-IFRS No. 1024.

Sales and purchases with related parties for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

(In millions of		2024													
Korean won)			li	ncome					Ex	penses			Others		
	Card income		Rental income		Others		Card expense		Selling and administrative expenses		Others <sup>1</sup>		Purchase of property, equipment, intangible assets and others		
Parent company Hyundai Motor Company Other related parties	₩	101,363	₩	-	₩	503	₩	1,199	₩	394	₩	434	₩	-	
Hyundai Capital		-		212		41		20,215		4,103		439		1,927	
Kia Corporation		35,719		-		418		225		-		51		-	
Hyundai AutoEver		1,337		-		330		-		24,635		407		20,799	
Hyundai Engineering		4		-		1		85		4,072		-		-	
Hyundai Steel		1		-		-		82		-		-		-	
Others		2,351		287		3,921		1,178		3,380		1,760		811	
	₩	140,775	₩	499	₩	5,214	₩	22,984	₩	36,584	₩	3,091	₩	23,537	

¹ Reversal of provision for impairment on card assets due from related party amounting to ₩58 million is included.

(In millions of	2023													
Korean won)			In	come					E	penses			Others	
,		Card ncome	Rental income		Others		Card expense		Selling and administrative expenses		Others <sup>1</sup>		Purchase of property, equipment, intangible assets and others	
Parent company Hyundai Motor Company Other related parties	₩	97,013	₩	-	₩	66	₩	-	₩	15	₩	412	₩	19
Hyundai Capital		-		147		530		20,850		1,878		605		341
Kia Corporation		39,411		-		334		-		-		64		-
Hyundai AutoEver		1,329		-		972		-		21,693		375		10,683
Hyundai Engineering		4		-		-		-		6,050		-		-
Hyundai Steel		1		-		2		-		-		-		-
Others		1,215		99		2,858		254		5,026		1,447		-
	₩	138,973	₩	246	₩	4,762	₩	21,104	₩	34,662	₩	2,903	₩	11,043
		,				,		,		. ,		,,,,,		,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Additional provision for impairment on card assets due from related party amounting to ₩64 million is included.

Outstanding balances arising from sales/purchases of goods and services as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, are as follows:

(In millions of	June 30, 2024											
Korean won)			Red	eivables				Paya	able	s		
			Pı	ovision		_						
	_	Card		for		Othors		Other		O4h a = 3		Inused
		issets <sup>1</sup>	ımı	pairment		Others	pa	ayables		Others <sup>3</sup>	cre	dit limit <sup>2</sup>
Parent company Hyundai Motor												
Company	₩	50,456	₩	(33)	₩	10	₩	58,216	₩	3	₩	249,544
Other related parties												
Hyundai Capital		125,923		(92)		1,607		2,624		1,528		141,807
Kia Corporation		15,390		(10)		-		18,618		-		54,504
Hyundai AutoEver		6,519		(4)		-		3,875		15,786		39,481
Hyundai Engineering		5,064		(3)		-		3		-		14,936
Hyundai Steel		6,419		(4)		-		1		-		23,581
Others		43,369		(120)		1,353		7,673		882		208,794
	₩	253,140	₩	(266)	₩	2,970	₩	91,010	₩	18,199	₩	732,647

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Unsettled amount of the corporate purchasing card amounting to ₩29,573 million is included and the amounts used and redeemed for the six-month period ended June 30, 2024, are ₩306,886 million and ₩329,102 million, respectively.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Unused credit limit of the corporate purchasing card is included.

 $<sup>^3</sup>$  As of June 30, 2024, the repayment amount of lease liabilities under lease contract with related parties is orall 3,911 million.

(In millions of						December	r 31,	2023				
Korean won)	Receivables							Paya	ble	s		
			Pr	ovision								
		Card		for				Other		<b>-</b> 2		Inused
	a	issets <sup>1</sup>	imp	pairment		Others	p	ayables		Others <sup>3</sup>	cre	dit limit <sup>2</sup>
Parent company												
Hyundai Motor												
Company	₩	62,232	₩	(41)	₩	10	₩	73,291	₩	5	₩	237,602
Other related parties												
Hyundai Capital		114,193		(84)		1,684		3,197		2,625		152,862
Kia Corporation		26,556		(18)		-		20,884		-		43,444
Hyundai AutoEver		6,599		(4)		-		15,423		21,335		39,401
Hyundai Engineering		7,730		(5)		-		3		-		12,270
Hyundai Steel		7,345		(5)		-		9,068		-		22,655
Others		60,063		(166)		1,343		2,906		386		173,188
	₩	284,718	₩	(323)	₩	3,037	₩	124,772	₩	24,351	₩	681,422

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$  Unsettled amount of the corporate purchasing card amounting to \$51,789 million is included, and the amounts used and redeemed for the year ended December 31, 2023, are \$770,796 million and \$793,339 million, respectively.

Compensation for key management for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)		2024		2023
Short-term employee benefits	₩	9,682	₩	9,061
Postemployment benefits		1,578		1,136
Other long-term benefits		10		9
	₩	11,270	₩	10,206

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Unused credit limit of the corporate purchasing card is included.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> For the year ended December 31, 2023, the repayment amount of lease liabilities under lease contract with related parties is  $\pm 6,679$  million.

The fund transactions with related parties included in card assets for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	De	ecember 31, 2023	Net i	ncrease (decrease) <sup>1</sup>		June 30, 2024
Parent company						
Hyundai Motor						
Company	₩	62,232	₩	(11,776)	₩	50,456
Other related parties						
Hyundai Capital		114,193		11,730		125,923
Kia Corporation		26,556		(11,166)		15,390
Hyundai AutoEver		6,599		(80)		6,519
Hyundai Engineering		7,730		(2,666)		5,064
Hyundai Steel		7,345		(926)		6,419
Others		60,063		(16,694)		43,369
	₩	284,718	₩	(31,578)	₩	253,140

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The card asset-related fund transaction is stated as net change in consideration of the business activities with high turnover, large amounts and short maturity.

(In millions of Korean won)	De	cember 31, 2022	Net in	ncrease (decrease) <sup>1</sup>		June 30, 2023
Parent company						
Hyundai Motor						
Company	₩	72,686	₩	(21,225)	₩	51,461
Other related parties						
Hyundai Capital		128,947		29,479		158,426
Kia Corporation		23,485		(6,665)		16,820
Hyundai AutoEver		9,590		(4,664)		4,926
Hyundai Engineering		4,766		187		4,953
Hyundai Steel		7,377		(1,695)		5,682
Others		40,265		(535)		39,730
	₩	287,116	₩	(5,118)	₩	281,998

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The card asset-related fund transaction is stated as net change in consideration of the business activities with high turnover, large amounts and short maturity.

Dividends paid to the related parties for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)		2024		2023
Parent company and others	₩	129,940	₩	59,779

As of June 30, 2024, there are no payment guarantees and collateral provided by the Group for the financial supports to the related parties and no collateral and payment guarantees are provided by the related parties.

#### 30. TRANSFERS OF FINANCIAL ASSETS:

The Parent Company had comprehensively entrusted receivables to a trust account of a trustee in the form of a money bond trust, and the trust account issued beneficiary right certificate of investor, beneficiary right certificate of transferor and subordinated beneficiary right certificate with trust property entrusted by the Parent Company as underlying asset. As the Parent Company is providing credit reinforcement by acquiring beneficiary right certificate of transferor and subordinated beneficiary right certificate and should any impairment loss incurred in receivables belongs to the underlying asset, the risk preferentially belongs to the Parent Company.

		Asset-backet	d card a	assets	
(In millions of Korean won)	June 30, 2024		<b>December 31, 202</b>		
Book amount of assets <sup>1</sup>	₩	6,855,361	₩	6,929,238	
Book amount of associated liabilities		2,774,894		2,650,118	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The amount is before provision for impairment.

As of June 30, 2024, the Group has issued its securitization liabilities with card assets as an underlying asset, and the related securitization liabilities have the right of recourse about the underlying assets. As of June 30, 2024, the fair value of financial assets transferred, but not eliminated is \$%6,820,986\$ million, the fair value of related liabilities is \$%2,778,562\$ million and net position is \$%4,042,424\$ million.

#### 31. OFFSETTING FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES:

The Group has entered into derivative contracts that include International Swaps and Derivatives Association ("ISDA") master netting agreements.

Generally, in such arrangements, all contracts that exist in the same currency are consolidated into one net amount and paid from one party to the other. Also, in the event of a credit event, such as bankruptcy, all contracts existing under the agreement will be cleared, the liquidating value will be assessed and all contracts will be settled on a net basis.

The ISDA arrangement does not meet the offset requirement in the consolidated financial statements. The Group does not currently have legally enforceable right of setoff in recognized assets and liabilities because the right of setoff cannot be exercised before a credit event, such as bankruptcy, occurs.

The effects of netting agreements as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, are as follows:

(In millions of					June 3	0, 202	24				
Korean won)	fi as:	cognized nancial sets and abilities	Gross financial assets and liabilities set off	Net amounts presented in the consolidated statement of financial position		Amounts Financial instruments		Cash collateral		Net amount	
Financial assets											
Derivative assets	₩	120,498	₩ -	₩	120,498	₩	3,497	₩	-	₩	117,001
Financial liabilities											
Derivative liabilities		4,783	-		4,783		3,497		-		1,286
(In millions of Korean won)					Decembe et amounts resented in	r 31,	2023 Amounts	s not off	set		
			Gross		the						
		cognized	financial	-	onsolidated						
		nancial	assets and	S	tatement of	_					
		sets and abilities	liabilities set off		financial position		inancial truments		collateral ceived	Not	amount
Financial assets			361 011		position	1113	ti dillellita	160		Het	aniount
Derivative assets	₩	49,292	₩ -	₩	49,292	₩	5,748	₩	_	₩	43,544
Financial liabilities	••	70,202	••	•••	10,202	••	0,1-10	••		••	10,014
Derivative liabilities		56,563	_		56,563		5,748		_		50,815
		55,000			55,555		5,1 10				,0.0

#### 32. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY:

Carrying amounts of financial instruments by category as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	Financial assets at amortized	assets at at fair value through other amortized through profit or comprehensive					erivative truments		
	cost		loss		income	for	hedging		Total
Financial assets									
Cash and deposits	₩ 2,001,663	₩	-	₩	-	₩	-	₩	2,001,663
Securities	-		745,983		4,596		-		750,579
Card assets and loan									
receivables	21,004,419		-		-		-		21,004,419
Other financial assets <sup>1</sup>	246,514		-				120,498		367,012
	₩ 23,252,596	₩	745,983	₩	4,596	₩	120,498	₩	24,123,673

(In millions of Korean won)			June 3	0, 2024			
		cial liabilities nortized cost		e instruments hedging	Total		
Financial liabilities							
Borrowings	₩	18,255,313	₩	-	₩	18,255,313	
Other financial liabilities <sup>2</sup>		2,225,016		4,783		2,229,799	
	₩	20,480,329	₩	4,783	₩	20,485,112	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Other financial assets consist of other receivables, accrued income, guarantee deposits provided and derivative assets.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Other financial liabilities consist of other payables, withholdings (excluding liabilities for taxes and dues), accrued expenses, lease liabilities, derivative liabilities and guarantee deposits received.

(In millions of Korean	December 31, 2023									
won)	Financial assets at amortized cost	a	ancial assets t fair value ough profit or loss	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		Derivative instruments for hedging		Total		
Financial assets										
Cash and deposits	₩ 1,126,825	₩	-	₩	-	₩	-	₩	1,126,825	
Securities	-		674,899		9,359		-		684,258	
Card assets and loan										
receivables	20,763,584		-		-		-		20,763,584	
Other financial assets <sup>1</sup>	205,564		_		-		49,292		254,856	
	₩ 22,095,973	₩	674,899	₩	9,359	₩	49,292	₩	22,829,523	

(In millions of Korean won)		<b>December 31, 2023</b>								
		cial liabilities nortized cost		e instruments hedging		Total				
Financial liabilities										
Borrowings	₩	16,817,373	₩	-	₩	16,817,373				
Other financial liabilities <sup>2</sup>		2,525,460		56,563		2,582,023				
	₩	19,342,833	₩	56,563	₩	19,399,396				

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Other financial assets consist of other receivables, accrued income, guarantee deposits provided and derivative assets.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Other financial liabilities consist of other payables, withholdings (excluding liabilities for taxes and dues), accrued expenses, lease liabilities, derivative liabilities and guarantee deposits received.

Net gains or losses on each category of financial instruments for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)			2024								
		nterest ncome		nterest xpenses	i	Card ncome	е	Card xpenses	lm	oairment loss	
Financial assets Financial assets at	144	740.070	14/		14/	0.40,000	141	400.000	141	004 444	
amortized cost Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Financial assets at fair	₩	718,273	₩	-	₩	849,303	₩	489,680	₩	261,111	
value through other comprehensive income Derivative instruments for hedging		-		-		-		-		-	
Financial liabilities Financial liabilities at amortized cost Derivative instruments for		-		349,856		-		-		-	
hedging	₩	718,273	₩	349,856	₩	849,303	₩	489,680	₩	261,111	
(In millions of Korean won)						2024					
,		nin (loss) on aluation	Gain (loss)		Dividend income		Loss on foreign currency translation		f	Gain on oreign urrency isactions	
Financial assets											
Financial assets at amortized cost Financial assets at fair	₩	-	₩	92,450	₩	-	₩	-	₩	13,879	
value through profit or loss Financial assets at fair value through other		(4,189)		3,447		-		-		-	
comprehensive income Derivative instruments for		-		-		20		-		-	
hedging		133,582		3,749		-		-		-	
Financial liabilities Financial liabilities at amortized cost		-		-		-		(124,520)		(3,776)	
Derivative instruments for hedging		(170)		_		_		_		_	
nodging	₩	129,223	₩	99,646	₩	20	₩	(124,520)	₩	10,103	

(In millions of Korean won)	2023											
		nterest ncome		nterest openses	i	Card ncome	ex	Card cpenses	lm	oairment loss		
Financial assets Financial assets at amortized cost	₩	616,825	₩	-	₩	757,450	₩	446,919	₩	164,570		
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Financial assets at fair value through other		-		-		-		-		-		
comprehensive income Derivative instruments for hedging		-		-		-		-		-		
Financial liabilities Financial liabilities at amortized cost Derivative instruments for		-		266,993		-		-		-		
hedging	₩	616,825	₩	266,993	₩	757,450	₩	446,919	₩	164,570		
(In millions of Korean won)						2023						
,		in (loss) on aluation	on Gain (loss)			ividend ncome	Loss on foreign currency translation		foreig curren			
Financial assets												
Financial assets at amortized cost Financial assets at fair	₩	-	₩	55,992	₩	-	₩	-	₩	10,471		
value through profit or loss Financial assets at fair value through other		9,487		3,557		-		-		-		
comprehensive income Derivative instruments for		-		-		20		-		-		
hedging		67,460		(1,004)		-		-		-		
Financial liabilities Financial liabilities at amortized cost		-		-		-		(49,431)		1,004		
Derivative instruments for hedging		(17,566)		_		_		_		_		
3 3	₩	59,381	₩	58,545	₩	20	₩	(49,431)	₩	11,475		

#### 33. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS:

Fair value hierarchy classifications of the financial instruments that are subsequently measured at fair value as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	June 30, 2024										
	<b>Book amount</b>		F	Fair value		evel 1		Level 2	L	evel 3	
Financial assets											
Financial assets at fair											
value:											
Securities at fair value											
through profit or loss	₩	745,983	₩	745,983	₩	15,350	₩	691,260	₩	39,373	
Securities at fair value											
through other											
comprehensive income <sup>1</sup>		4,596		4,596		-		-		4,596	
Derivative assets		120,498		120,498		-		120,498		-	
Financial liabilities											
Financial liabilities at fair											
value:											
Derivative liabilities		4,783		4,783		-		4,783		-	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> As of June 30, 2024, among the securities at fair value through other comprehensive income in Level 3, equity instruments amounting to ₩1,000 million are measured at cost since cost is deemed as a reasonable approximation of fair value.

(In millions of Korean won)	December 31, 2023											
		Book amount		Fair value		evel 1		Level 2	L	evel 3		
Financial assets												
Financial assets at fair												
value:												
Securities at fair value												
through profit or loss	₩	674,899	₩	674,899	₩	5,253	₩	633,117	₩	36,529		
Securities at fair value												
through other												
comprehensive income <sup>1</sup>		9,359		9,359		-		-		9,359		
Derivative assets		49,292		49,292		-		49,292		-		
Financial liabilities												
Financial liabilities at fair												
value:												
Derivative liabilities		56,563		56,563		-		56,563		-		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> As of December 31, 2023, among the securities at fair value through other comprehensive income in Level 3, equity instruments amounting to ₩1,000 million are measured at cost since cost is deemed as a reasonable approximation of fair value.

To provide information about the reliability of the inputs used in determining fair value, the Group classifies its financial instruments into three levels prescribed under the accounting standards. Financial instruments that are measured at fair value are categorized by the fair value hierarchy whereby the levels are defined as follows:

- Level 1: The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period. The quoted marked price used for financial assets held by the Group is the current bid price. These instruments are included in Level 1.
- Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques which maximize the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to measure an instrument at fair value are observable, the instrument is included in Level 2.
- Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs are not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in Level 3. Examples include unlisted equity securities.

There are no changes in fair value hierarchy level for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2024 and 2023.

The following table presents the changes in Level 3 financial instruments for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2024 and 2023:

(In millions of Korean won)	2024								
	value th	Securities at fair value through profit or loss							
Beginning balance	₩	36,529	₩	9,359					
Acquisition		2,095		1,200					
Disposition		(1,948)		(4,000)					
Profit or loss		2,697		-					
Other comprehensive income				(1,963)					
Ending balance	₩	39,373	₩	4,596					

(In millions of Korean won)	2023								
	Securi value th o	Securities at fair value through othe comprehensive income							
Beginning balance	₩	30,961	₩	9,359					
Acquisition		481		-					
Disposition		(531)		-					
Profit or loss		5,423							
Ending balance	₩	36,334	₩	9,359					

The following table presents the valuation techniques and input variables used to measure the fair value of Level 2 financial instruments as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023:

(la sailliana af Managarana)		I	Fair v	value	Valuation	lanut variables	
(In millions of Korean won)	June 30, 2024			December 31, 2023	technique	Input variables	
Financial assets at fair value:							
Securities at fair value through profit or loss	₩	691,260	₩	633,117	Discounted Cash Flow ("DCF")	Discount rate, interest rate, etc.	
Derivative assets		120,498		49,292	DCF	Discount rate, interest rate, exchange rate, etc.	
Financial liabilities at fair value:							
Derivative liabilities		4,783		56,563	DCF	Discount rate, interest rate, exchange rate, etc.	

The following table presents the valuation techniques and significant unobservable input variables used to measure the fair value of Level 3 financial instruments as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023:

(In millions of Karson wan)			Fair	value	Valuation	Unobservable
(In millions of Korean won)	June 30, 2024 December 31, 2023		technique	inputs		
Financial assets at fair value:						
Securities at fair value through profit or loss	₩	3,555	₩	2,821	Comparable Company	N/A
		35,818		33,708	Net asset value	Price of underlying asset
Securities at fair value through other comprehensive income		3,596		8,359	Market approach	N/A

The table below provides the fair value and carrying amount of financial instruments that are measured in amortized cost in the consolidated interim statements of financial position as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

(In millions of Korean won)		June 3	0, 202	24	December 31, 2023				
	Book amount		Fair value		Во	ok amount	I	Fair value	
Assets									
Financial assets									
Cash and deposit	₩	2,001,663	₩	2,001,663	₩	1,126,825	₩	1,126,825	
Financial assets at									
amortized cost		21,004,419		21,348,940		20,763,584		21,061,028	
Other financial assets <sup>1</sup>		246,514		246,514		205,564		205,564	
	₩	23,252,596	₩	23,597,117	₩	22,095,973	₩	22,393,417	
Liabilities									
Financial liabilities									
Borrowings	₩	18,255,313	₩	18,511,776	₩	16,817,373	₩	16,958,748	
Other financial liabilities <sup>2</sup>		2,225,016		2,225,016		2,525,460		2,525,460	
	₩	20,480,329	₩	20,736,792	₩	19,342,833	₩	19,484,208	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Other financial assets consist of other receivables, accrued income, guarantee deposits provided and derivative assets.

The fair valuation techniques of the financial instruments measured at amortized cost are as follows:

	Valuation techniques
Cash and deposits	The carrying amounts of cash and demand due from financial institutions and payment due from financial institutions are reasonable approximation of fair values. These financial instruments do not have a fixed maturity and are receivable on demand. Fair value of ordinary due from financial institutions is measured using the DCF model. However, if the remaining maturity is short at the reporting date, the carrying amount is regarded as fair value.
Financial assets at amortized cost	The DCF model is used to determine the fair value of card assets and loan receivables. Fair value is determined by discounting the expected cash flows, which are contractual cash flows adjusted by early redemption rate, at appropriate discount rate. However, if the remaining maturity is short at the reporting date, the carrying amount is regarded as fair value.
Other financial assets	The DCF model is used to determine the fair value of other financial assets. Fair value is determined by discounting the expected cash flows, which are contractual cash flows, at appropriate discount rate. However, if the remaining maturity is short at the reporting date, the carrying amount is regarded as fair value.
Borrowings	Fair value is calculated by the DCF model at an appropriate interest rate for respective range of maturity. Fair value of public bonds is calculated through the quoted price of the active market.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Other financial liabilities consist of other payables, withholdings (excluding liabilities for taxes and dues), accrued expenses, lease liabilities, derivative liabilities and guarantee deposits received.

liabilities

The DCF model is used to determine the fair value of other financial liabilities. Fair value is determined by discounting the expected cash flows, which are contractual cash flows, at appropriate discount rate. However, if the remaining maturity is short at the reporting date, the carrying amount is regarded as fair value.

The table below provides the fair value hierarchy of financial instruments that are not measured subsequently at fair value in the consolidated interim statements of financial position as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023:

(In millions of Korean won)

**Financial assets** Cash and deposit1 Financial assets at amortized cost Other financial assets<sup>1</sup> Financial liabilities **Borrowings** 

Other financial liabilities<sup>1</sup>

	June 30, 2024												
Level	1		Level 2		Level 3	Total							
₩	-	₩	2,001,663	₩	-	₩	2,001,663						
	-		-		21,348,940		21,348,940						
	-		-		246,514		246,514						
₩	-	₩	18,511,776	₩	-	₩	18,511,776						

2,225,016

2,225,016

lune 20 2024

(In millions of

Korean won)	<b>December 31, 2023</b>										
,	Level 1		Level 2			Level 3	Total				
Financial assets		,									
Cash and deposit <sup>1</sup>	₩	-	₩	1,126,825	₩	-	₩	1,126,825			
Financial assets at											
amortized cost		-		-		21,061,028		21,061,028			
Other financial assets <sup>1</sup>		-		-		205,564		205,564			
Financial liabilities											
Borrowings	₩	-	₩	16,958,748	₩	-	₩	16,958,748			
Other financial liabilities <sup>1</sup>		-		-		2,525,460		2,525,460			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The carrying amount is disclosed at fair value as it is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

There are no significant changes in business or economic environment for the six-month period ended June 30, 2024, which affect fair values of financial assets and liabilities held by the Group.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The carrying amount is disclosed at fair value as it is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

#### 34. EARNINGS PER SHARE:

(a) Basic earnings per share for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

(In Korean won)		2024				
		ree Months	Six Months			
Profit for the period	₩	99,999,825,526	₩	163,792,287,492		
(-) Dividends on hybrid securities		4,352,573,512		8,044,309,029		
Profit attributable to ordinary shares (A) Weighted-average number of ordinary shares		95,647,252,014		155,747,978,463		
outstanding (B) (in shares)		160,465,286		160,465,286		
Basic earnings per share (A/B)	₩	596	₩	971		
(In Korean won)		2023				
	Three Months			Six Months		
Profit for the period	₩	86,441,373,933	₩	157,205,492,189		
(-) Dividends on hybrid securities		3,527,152,015		7,047,894,768		
Profit attributable to ordinary shares (A)		82,914,221,918		150,157,597,421		
Weighted-average number of ordinary shares outstanding (B) (in shares)		160 465 296		160,465,286		
		160,465,286		100,403,200		

There are no discontinued operations for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, and as such, earnings per share are the same as earnings per share from continuing operations.

#### (b) Diluted earnings per share

The Group did not issue any potential ordinary shares. Therefore, basic earnings per share are identical to diluted earnings per share.

#### 35. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT:

The Group is exposed to credit, liquidity and market risks. In order to manage these factors, the Group operates risk management policies and programs that monitor closely and respond to each of the risk factors. The Group uses derivatives to manage market risks.

There was no significant change in the Group's risk management policies and procedures after December 31, 2023.

#### 36. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT:

The parent company (specialized credit finance company) must maintain adjusted capital adequacy ratio in accordance with the Specialized Credit Financial Business Law and sub regulations, and the ratio for the credit card company must be more than 8%. This ratio is calculated by dividing adjusted capital with adjusted total assets, and all factors are based on separate financial statements. The parent company maintains an adjusted capital adequacy ratio of more than 8%.

Details of adjusted capital adequacy ratio as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	June	30, 2024	<b>December 31, 2023</b>		
Adjusted total assets (A)	₩	23,258,716	₩	22,106,467	
Adjusted total capital (B)		3,796,218		3,637,610	
Adjusted capital adequacy ratio (B/A)		16.32%		16.45%	

#### 37. ASSETS HELD FOR SALE:

Details of assets held for sale as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, are as follows:

June 30, 2024 <sup>1</sup>						
Accumulated						
Book Value		Impairment Loss		Net Book Value		
₩	9,169	₩	(1,012)	₩	8,157	
	21,741		(2,398)		19,343	
₩	30,910	₩	(3,410)	₩	27,500	
		December	r 31, 2023			
Accumulated						
Book Value		Impairment Loss		Net Book Value		
₩	-	₩	-	₩	-	
	_					
₩	_	₩	_	₩	_	
	₩ ₩ <b>Book</b>	₩       9,169         21,741       ₩         30,910    Book Value ₩	Book Value	Book Value	Book Value	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The Group resolved to sell its Busan office building through a board resolution in June, and the transaction is expected to be completed by the fourth quarter of 2024.